FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Nov. 30

Sun Rises	6 51 A M
Sun Sets	4 46 P M
Day's Length	9 h 55 m
High Water at Southport	12 01 A M
High Water at Wilmington	1.41 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 30.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature, 8 a. m., 46°; 8 p. m., 47° maximum, 52°; minimum, 44°; mean, 45°

Rainfall for the day, .53; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1.53.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. November 29, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The lake storm area has moved to the New England States during the day. The high barometer area and cold wave are following it closely, being central to-night over the western Ohio valley. Rain fell during the day over the Atlantic coast States, and snow over the lower Lakes and Ohio valley. Fair, cold weather is reported from Pennsylvania westward.

Local forecast to 12 o'clock midnight Tuesday: Fair, colder, northerly winds.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 29.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 1 9 feet.

OUTLINES.

The Attorney General of South Carolina has filed a motion to have the dispensary cases advanced in the U. S. Court for the reason that the court's decision would be a guide to legislative action. —— Martin Thorn, on trial for the murder of Wm. Guldensuppe, was on the witness stand yesterday; he accused his accomplice, Mrs. Nack, of committing the murder; Mrs. Nack will not be called by the State; the case will probably be given to the jury to-day. —— A gale on the coast of England has caused great damage and loss of life; vessels are reported on shore all along the coast and many ships have foundered. —— A party of Northern capitalists and cotton mill men on a tour of the South were in Spartanburg, S. C., yesterday. —— Mrs. Theresa Cardoza, who died in San Francisco Saturday, weighed over 600 pounds. —— Senator Hanna is sick with grip. —— Advices from the Klondike are that the gold seekers are confronted with famine. —— Spike Sullivan, American, defeated Jimmy Curran Englishman, in a 20 round fight in London; Ben Jordan, feather weight champion, defeated Tommy Waite, of Chicago, in 19 rounds. —— Assistant Postmaster J. T Braveboy, at Lake City, S. C., was shot Saturday night by some one hidden near the postoffice. —— It is said that 150 out of 250 Cuban exiles sent to the Spanish penal colony of Fernando Po are dead. —— China will refuse the demands of Germany, except to make reparation for the murder of missionaries and the damage done to mission property. —— The second trial of Adolph Luetgert, the Chicago sausage maker, for the murder of his wife, began yesterday with the work of securing a jury. —— The attention of the Department of State has been formally directed to the dispute between Germany and Hayti; a Berlin dispatch says Germany only wants monetary reparation, but will not brook any interference in the matter by the United States Government. ——Gov Russell offers $400 reward for the capture of A M Lambert, who shot and killed L. M. Baumgardner, engineer on the Southern railroad near Asheville, N. C. —— A meeting of Southern bankers is called to assemble at Atlanta December 15th to consider the question of currency reform. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 1½@2 and closed offered at 2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 5 13 16c; flour quiet and lower to sell; wheat—spot quiet; No. 1 99c f. o. b. afloat; corn—spot weak; No. 2 38⅝c f. o. b. afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.40@1.45; spirits turpentine firm at 32½@33c

Roquefort cheese is made from the milk of goats and sheep. That's what gives it its robust flavor.

"Mlle. Mark Twain" is what some of the French papers call Mark Twain's daughter. It is remarkable how some of those foreign editors catch on to things American.

That railroad conductor who received a verdict of $21,666 33 against a railroad for blacklisting him during the Chicago strike, wouldn't mind being blacklisted some more.

Hon Richard Croker says Hon. David Hill never was a leader. Lately he has been a rooster. Hon. Dick has a pretty broad-based idea that he is something of a leader himself.

Herr Lecker, who made a 13 hour speech in the Austrian Reichsrath last week, came out all right, but the rioting began soon after, which shows that the Reichsrath couldn't stand it as well as he did.

Congressman Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, expresses the opinion that that there will be no radical legislation during the approaching session of Congress, and none on the currency question. They are going to slide along as easy as they can.

The Spanish authorities in Havana think that the dynamite bomb found near the American consulate a good joke. If it had been found near one of their shebangs, they would never have been able to discover the joke in it."

Yank O'Neill, who is under sentence of death at Greenfield, Mass., is a thoughtful sort of a fellow. When the judge fixed the date he implored him to make it earlier, because it was only killing his folks keeping him alive.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 60. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 30. 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,450

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Some women are very unappreciative. An Ohio man who has ten wives, and escaped from jail a year ago, wrote one of them a note stating that he was coming to pay her a visit, and instead of appreciating the compliment paid her, she gave the police a pointer and now he is back in jail again.

Evidence is accumulating that some of the Southern editors are making a desperate effort to weather it out until the McKinley prosperity wave comes around their way. The Dade county, Alabama, *News* man thinks with a little help in the way of sweet potatoes or corn he can survive.

Hiram S. Maxim, the inventor, has an airship which he claims will fill the bill. The motive power is a 16-horse naphtha engine, made principally out of aluminum. He proposes when ready to make a trip to Klondike, and take about a ton of freight, with some passengers and provisions.

A young woman is on trial for her life for killing another young woman of whom she was jealous. The young man who caused the jealousy says he doesn't care if she is hanged. This shows what a miserable cur a Vermont woman can sometimes get loony over.

That was a $20 a plate lay-out in New York, where Secretary Gage made his currency reform speech. Of course the class of strugglers who sit down at such lay-outs realize the necessity of currency reform, to help them along in the scuffle.

A Seattle man who was caught shipping whiskey into the forbidden district of Alaska claims that he had a right to ship it for "sacramental, scientific or medicinal purposes," especially when he took the precaution to mark it "tomato catsup."

An artesian well in Dakota spouts 72,000 gallons an hour. It is used for irrigating purposes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Position as organist. I. B. RHODES—Every dog has his day. CRONLY & MORRIS—Real estate at auction.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

L. T. BOWDEN—To country shippers.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The meeting of Concord Chapter R. A. M. announced for to-night has been postponed to Friday night.

— The next attraction at the Opera House will be Fields and Hanson's Minstrels next Monday evening.

— In Justice Bornemann's Court yesterday A. Davis, colored, submitted to a charge of assault and was fined the costs. Dinah Witherspoon, colored, was the complainant.

— The STAR learns that young Walter Polley, who had the misfortune to get his leg broken not long since, is improving rapidly. Amputation of the limb was not necessary.

— Mr. William Struthers returned yesterday from a visit to his plantation in Columbus county, two miles above Chadbourn, on the W., C. & A. Railroad. Mr. Struthers showed a STAR representative a small box of fine strawberries picked of his (Struthers') plantation Sunday afternoon.

GROCERY STORE BURNED.

Corner Sixth and Nixon Streets—Insurance Loss $900.

At 8 30 o'clock yesterday morning the grocery store of Mr. Henry R. Kuhl, a one-story frame building, corner Sixth and Nixon streets, was consumed by fire, the origin of which is unknown. Mr. Kuhl and a clerk sleep in a room in the rear of the building and connecting with the store by a door. The clerk was aroused from his slumbers by a noise in the store, and at once awoke Mr. Kuhl, and when the door connecting the room with the store was opened a mass of flames was revealed. An alarm of fire was sent in from box 17, Fifth and Nixon streets, by Thomas Miller, who lives near the burned building. The fire department responded promptly, but as the flames had gained such a great headway, owing to the inflammable nature of the contents of the store, it was impossible to save the building. The store was insured for $700 with Messrs. J H. Boatwright & Son, and the stock of groceries for $200 with Messrs. Willard & Giles.

Serious Illness of Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar.

Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar's numerous friends will regret to learn that he has recently suffered another stroke of paralysis. He is at the home of his daughter in Marion, N. C., from whom the telegram was received yesterday. Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar, Jr., left yesterday afternoon to be at his father's bedside.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. R. K. Bryant of Scott's Hill, was in the city yesterday shaking hands with friends.

— Mr. M. V. Miller, the popular travelling salesman for Bailey Bros., of Winston, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Major C. P. Bolles, of the U. S. Hydrographic Department, Washington, D. C., arrived in the city Sunday night.

— Mr. L. W. Warrock left yesterday for Columbia, S. C., where he will take a position in the mechanical department of the *Register*.

— Mr. James Swann, of the firm of Inman, Swann & Co., of New York, arrived Sunday on his way to the Orton plantation to join Col. K. M. Murchison's hunting party.

— Mr. and Mrs. S. Loeb, of Montgomery, Ala., are at The Orton. Mrs. Loeb was formerly Miss Lilly Silberman, of Atlanta, pleasantly remembered by many as the guest of Mrs A Sarier last Winter. Mr. and Mrs. Loeb are returning home from their bridal tour.

— Dr. L. H. Matthez, the well known optician, who made many friends during a professional stay here some time since, is now practicing his profession in New York, where he has an elegantly fitted up office in the Presbyterian building, Fifth avenue and Twentieth street.

— Among the arrivals at The Orton were C. B Aycock, Goldsboro; Jno. D. Shaw, Jr., Walter H Neal and W. H. Cox, Laurinburg; O. J. and J. C. Carroll, Raleigh; R. M. Norment, Lumberton; J. P. Smith, Wadesboro; D. J. Lewis and J. B Schulken, Whiteville; J. G Shaw, H. L. Cook and J. D Maultsby, Fayetteville; B. C. Powell, Greenville.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—918 bales cotton, 20 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,063 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 40 bbls rosin, 42 bbls tar, 27 casks spirits turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—134 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 7 bbls rosin, 13 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—120 bales cotton, 40 casks spirits turpentine, 203 bbls rosin, 37 bbls tar.

Wilmington & Newbern R. R.—93 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—59 bales cotton, 53 casks spirits turpentine, 203 bbls rosin, 44 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2 385 bales; spirits turpentine, 116 casks; rosin, 458 bbls; tar, 153 bbls; crude turpentine, 77 bbls.

The Columbia Calendar.

The "Columbia" calendar for 1898 has been issued, and will be found exceedingly useful to all business and professional men, being a calendar and memodum pad combined. The following extract from the circular of the publishers does not exaggerate its merits:

"The 1898 Columbia Pad Calendar contains a convenient arrangement of dates that will prove useful to busy men, and as plenty of space is reserved for memorada, the pad may be used as a diary and as a reminder for business appointments and obligations. It is neat in appearance, takes up but little room and is both ornamental and useful for the desk, while its stand is of such character that it may be used either upon the desk or hung upon the wall. It can be obtained by mail pre-paid for five two-cent stamps by addressing the Calendar Department of the Pope Manufacturing Company, Hartford, Conn."

Brooklyn Baptist Church—Special Services.

Rev. Weston Bruner, D. D., of Baltimore, Md., arrived in the city last evening and preached his first sermon in the Brooklyn Baptist church last night. Dr. Bruner preached a great sermon, taking his text from Luke, xvii, 5: "Lord, increase my faith." The way in which the learned doctor presented his thoughts showed he was a master of his subject. It was a sermon full of power, and made a great impression upon his hearers. A large congregation was present, among whom were several ministers.

There will be services again to-night at 7.30 o'clock, to which all are invited. The church is on the corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets.

Death of a Well Known Colored Barber.

William H. Nash, colored, died at his residence on Campbell street, between Seventh and Eighth, Sunday afternoon, Nash, up to the time of the sickness which terminated in death, had followed the vocation of a barber in this city for many years, and was well known and well liked. All the colored barbers will close their shops at 1 o'clock today and assemble at Elijah Lane's shop, on Dock street between Water and Front, and attend the funeral in a body.

Delegates to the Baptist State Convention.

The following delegates to the Baptist State Convention, which meets in Oxford the latter part of next week have been chosen: First Church, Rev. W. B. Oliver, Dr. A. M. Baldwin and Messrs. J. C Stevenson, S. G. Hall, G E Leftwich, Owen Fennell, Jas. Calder, W. C. Peterson, A. P. Yopp and R. M Wescott; Brooklyn, Rev. J. W Kramer and Messrs. D L. Gore and S. L. Smith; Southport, Rev F H Farrington.

Nathan Willis is in Jail at Conway.

The STAR's information that Nathan Willis, colored, the murderer of young Stephens, of Pireway Ferry, was lynched by burning seems to have been incorrect. A special received from Conway last night says he is safely lodged in jail there. It is learned however, that several of Willis' captors wanted to lynch him and probably used threats of burning, thus giving rise to the rumor that he had been burned.

MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

Case Against Police Officer George for Assault Dismissed—The Penny Store Robbery.

The case against policeman W. D George, charged with assaulting "Chucky" Sampson, colored, with a deadly weapon, by pointing a revolver at Sampson on the afternoon of the 14th inst., near Front street market, came up for trial in Justice J. M. McGowan's Court yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The defendant presented an affidavit of removal and the case was transferred to Justice Bunting. After hearing the evidence Justice Bunting dismissed the case, holding that as the alleged assault had taken place only a few minutes previous to an assault charged against the same defendant on "Chucky" Sampson, and for the alleged commission of which assault (which was the firing of a pistol at Sampson) the defendant is now under a $50 bond for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court, that one assault was a continuation of the other, and consequently only one assault, if any, had taken place.

The assault charged against policeman George yesterday took place when he (George) attempted to arrest Sampson about two weeks ago, as Sampson was an important witness in the case against John Faircloth, charged with stabbing Walter Banks, both colored, (as told in the STAR)

Other cases tried by Justice Bunting were:

John Sanders, alias Willie Banks, colored, was arraigned, charged with robbing the store of Messrs. W. J. Penny & Co., corner Market and Water streets. The first robbery, which occurred early on the morning of the 17th inst., Sanders, alias Banks, was adjudged not guilty of, but the second robbery, which occurred a week subsequent to the first, and which was the stealing of a pair of boots early Saturday night while Messrs. Penny & Co.'s store was filled with people buying, the defendant admitted, and was committed to jail in default of bond for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court. Sanders, alias Banks, is the man who was bound over to the Criminal Court from the Police Court on the charge of robbing the schooner *Pigott* about a week ago.

Bessie Stanback, a white woman who was made to leave the city about ten years ago and who returned last Friday on an excursion and tried to abduct her child which had been bound out by her when she left the city, was arraigned charged with abduction. The warrant was amended and she was adjudged guilty of assault and battery and fined $20 and costs, which was however stricken out, as the defendant left the city never to return.

OPERA HOUSE.

Morrison's Faust:—A Capital Performance —Large Audience.

As Goethe is regarded by many of the literati to be the chief of German poets so Faust is reckoned as the greatest dramatic poem. The narrative is weird, and for that, if for no other reason, is entrancing and rivets attention from start to finish. The author's idea is dramatized and prepared for the stage preserves the unity and interest of the original, and forcibly presents the more salient points. Lewis Morrison, as *Mephisto*, is simply grand—that he has gained a national reputation in his rendition of this as of other characters of the standard drama goes without saying. His fame as a first class delineator of any character which he essays to portray is of many years duration, and fortunate is the writer whose interpretation is committed to the keeping of Lewis Morrison, for the reputation of such an actor precedes him, and he always sustains it. Mr. Morrison is no stranger to the Wilmington theatregoers; he has appeared on our boards before, and the alacrity evinced in reserving seats for last night's performance attests his popularity.

While *Mephisto* is the central figure around whom the other characters revolve, it is by no means all; there is Miss Mabel Morrison as *Marguerite*, who, though not out of her teens, yet assumes and successfully discharges the responsibility which this difficult task imposes. Mr. Whittlesey as *Faust*, Mr. Trimble as *Valentine*—their acting was excellent, each one mastering their part with true merit and ability. Miss Tapsfield, as *Martha*, deserves her share of the praise, for, as the others, she clearly demonstrated to having the character she portrayed under perfect control.

The rendition of the solos, trios and quartettes by Miss Florence Brooks, soprano, and the famous Morrison quartette, Messrs. Andrada, Taylor, Wisman and Trimbull, were fine, the audience evincing their appreciation by the tremendous applause and a number of encores.

Mr. Morrison has an excellent company, one of the strongest that has appeared at our Opera House, and we can assure him "the devil" will always meet with a warm reception whenever he returns.

Thompson, the Aeronaut.

Prof. Chas. A. Thompson, the aeronaut connected with Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's tent show, left Sunday afternoon for LaGrange, Ga., at which place he will make a balloon ascension and parachute drop to-morrow, as one of the attractions of the Fair now in progress at LaGrange. Prof. Thompson will return Thursday and repeat the show here.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Held Sunday Afternoon at the Y. M. C. A. Building in Respect to the Late David G. Worth.

The memorial services at the Young Men's Christian Association Sunday afternoon were very interesting and appropriate. They were opened by remarks by the president, Mr. Andrew Howell, Jr, who said that it was eminently fitting that the young men, whom their departed friend had befriended so materially, should assemble together to honor his memory. He invited all to feel free to speak.

The hymns "Marching to Zion" and "Blest be the Tie," were sung to piano accompaniment by Miss Fanny Corbett. Dr. P. H. Hoge read scripture selections and led in prayer, after which Mr Diggs, the secretary, read the following letter which was written by Mr. Worth in response to one written him by Mr. Diggs, informing him that the active members of the Y. M. C. A. had held a meeting and offered prayer in his behalf.

GREENVILLE SOUND, N C.,
September 29, 1896

Thos C. Diggs Sec'y Y. M C. A, Wilmington, N C.:

MY DEAR SIR—Your very comforting letter of 25th August in behalf of the "active members" of the Association was duly received, and read to me while I was prostrate with sickness and nigh unto death as I then thought and others feared. It was indeed comforting to hear such tender words of sympathy and such warm expressions of esteem and regard as it pleased the young men to convey to me through you.

I thank them for the prayers offered in my behalf. I have the fullest faith that our kind and merciful Heavenly Father is a prayer-hearing and a prayer-answering God and that in my case He suffered Himself to be entreated by the many prayers of my many friends to bless the means used for my recovery. I am thankful to say that I am improving rapidly. "Oh! that men would praise the Lord for His goodness and for His wonderful works to the children of men." I have cause to praise Him and I trust I may never cease to do so with my whole heart and soul.

Now, with an expression of my warmest interest in the Christian welfare of the young men of the Wilmington Association and my highest regard and esteem for yourself, I am,

Sincerely yours,
D G. WORTH

WHAT MR. WORTH DID FOR THE Y. M. C. A.

Col. Roger Moore read a paper showing what Mr. Worth did for the Y. M C. A. From the time the movement was started Mr. Worth took a most lively interest, giving liberally to the building fund, subscribing to the bonds and aiding largely in supplying furniture for the building. He was a member of the Finance and Building Committees and gave his time freely in collecting and soliciting. He first gave $1,000. This gift was soon followed by another of a like amount. He subscribed to bonds aggregating not less than $3 000. He also made annual subscriptions to the current expenses, ranging in amounts from $50 to $350. When the building was about completed and chairs and other furniture for the auditorium were needed, Mr. Worth arranged for the purchase at a cost of $1 250. He also provided at a cost of $500 the drug store on the first floor with the furniture needed before it could be rented. When an offer of a loan of $30,000 was made, with the proviso that the building must be free from incumbrances, Mr. Worth made a clear gift to the association of the bonds he had purchased, the only stipulation that he made being that nothing be said about his gift.

Mr. H. E Bonitz said he did not come with studied phrases, but as one of the large number of young men who had felt the influence of the great and good man whose loss all were mourning.

Dr. Hoge referred to the occasion when the first gift of $1,000 towards the building fund was made by Mr. Worth in response to an appeal by Mr. Pearson, adding that so retiring was Mr. Worth's nature that it probably was harder for him to rise and give his name than it was to pay the $1,000.

Mr. W. M. Cumming said that it had not been his privilege to know the deceased so intimately as did some others, but he had known and felt his influence through his son George Worth.

Rev. W. B. Oliver spoke eloquently about Mr. Worth as a man and a citizen. Mr. Worth's life, he thought, had taught several lessons: A man can be honest and still succeed; he can be a man of affairs and at the same time a consistent Christian; he can be positive in his convictions and yet charitable; he can be a modest man and also a mighty one.

In referring to the widely known reputation for integrity that Mr. D. G. Worth's firm enjoyed, Mr. Oliver told of a letter from a delegate to the Southern Baptist Convention who was a stranger personally to most Wilmington people. The letter stated this fact, and added as a solution of the difficulty: "Consign me to Worth and Worth."

Letters expressing profound sorrow at Mr. Worth's death were received from Mr. E S. Tennent; Messrs. F. P. Turner and L A Coulter, former State secretaries of the Y. M. C. A.; Mr. Geo. B. Hanna, of the Charlotte Y. M. C. A., and Dr. Thomas Hume, of Chapel Hill.

The meeting closed with the benediction by Rev. W. B. Oliver.

The Democratic Alsemen.

The STAR is glad to hear that Messrs. Owen Fennell, W. E. Springer and Walter E. Yopp, the Democratic Aldermen elected in March last, will take their seats as members of the Board at the regular monthly meeting to be held next Monday night. The Supreme Court having decided that the "Wright" Board is lawfully constituted, the Democratic Aldermen, on advice of counsel, learned in the law, have no doubt as to their being legally entitled to their seats, and will act accordingly. These gentlemen have adopted a course that will commend itself to the tax-payers of Wilmington, to those specially whose votes elected them. They realize that they have a duty to perform, and they will discharge that duty faithfully.

CARDINAL GIBBONS.

Sermon by His Eminence at St. Thomas' Church Sunday—Impressive Ceremonies—Large Attendance.

The morning service at St. Thomas' Catholic church last Sunday were very attractive and impressive, the occasion being a sermon by His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons. Every available seat was occupied and though chairs were placed in the aisles and every effort made by the ushers to accommodate all, many of the late comers were compelled to go away without gratifying their desire to hear the distinguished prelate.

At about 10 30 o'clock the Cardinal, robed in Cappa Magna and preceded by the altar boys and visiting clergy, entered the church. Simultaneously the sweet tones of the organ began to peal forth a voluntary from Biederman. Immediately on entering the sanctuary, the Cardinal began the services, assisted by Revs. Whelan and Fletcher (the latter his secretary) as assistants at the altar, along with Father Price, of Raleigh, and Father Divine, of Baltimore, the choir rendering the Kirie of the mass in very effective style.

As it was the beginning of the Advent season the services were more simple than during the rest of the year. The altar was plain with purple insignia peculiar to the Advent season. Bartholomeus' Mass in F was selected for the occasion, not alone because of its beauty but also because it was not so long as to protract the services unnecessarily.

After the Credo, Sanctus and Benedictus had been rendered by the choir, the Cardinal read from the 18th chapter of Romans, and announced as the basis of his remarks the latter clause of the 10th verse, "Therefore love is the fulfilling of the law."

The sermon was characterized by a charming simplicity that reached his hearers' hearts and bound their attention to his words. An extract from his discourse follows:

If I were asked, my beloved brethren whom I may say by way of parenthesis I am glad to see, though I see you rarely, if I were asked what was the distinguishing feature of Christ's religion, I would say it is all contained in one word, love. If I were asked what is the fundamental principle of the religion of Christ I would answer, love. You may condense all the sayings of our Lord and his apostles; you may condense all the precepts, the old and the new law; you may condense all the commandments, reduce them all to first principles, and the kernel of the fruits will be found in the one word love. "Love therefore is the fulfilling of the law." There can be no doubt in the mind of the Christian as long as he possesses the love of God in his heart. I am always sure that I am on the right path when I know that I possess God's love. I am always sure of the faith I profess when I love God and my neighbor as the Scripture tells us.

Christ himself when asked what was the great commandment of the law, replied: "Thou shall love the Lord thy God with thy whole heart, with thy whole soal, with all thy strength; this is the greatest and first commandment. And the second is like this, Thou shall love thy neighbor as thyself." "Love, therefore, is the fulfilling of the law." And it is this which distinguishes the religion of Christ above others.

We are indebted to the Hebrew religion for many things we have in our own. Theirs was Moses. Theirs was Abraham. To them belonged all the patriarchs and prophets, and all those to whom the Lord had spoken. Theirs was Christ. From among their race He chose his twelve apostles and commissioned them to spread His religion. From that race sprang Mary, the mother of Jesus, "The root of Jesse," the glory of Christianity. To them indeed we owe a great debt. But, though they were the once chosen people of God, they were governed not by love, but by fear. Indeed, they prefer to inculcate the fear of the great Jehovah. Thus does St. Paul contrast the guiding spirit of each: "For you have not received the spirit of bondage again in fear; but you have received the spirit of adoption of sons whereby we cry Abba (Father). For the Spirit Himself giveth testimony to our spirit, that we are the sons of God, and if sons, heirs also; heirs indeed of God and joint heirs with Christ." Thus the Christian principle excels the rest. It makes us "joint heirs" with Christ in the Kingdom of God.

Then go over to that great Pagan world. The Pagans indeed worshipped their gods, but it was the worship of fear. They offered sacrifices to their gods to placate them, to avert great dangers, but they never addressed them as Father. They never thought of loving their gods, and the reason is because love presupposes some relation of friendship between the principals who love.

Christianity raises us to the distinction of sons of God. Jesus became man and established an earthly friendship, making His followers joint heirs with Him. Christ's love extended to all mankind in general. His arms were ever ready to receive the repentant sinner. On the cross they were spread to embrace the whole world.

Christ also had his particular loves. It is a great consolation to the Christian to be assured of the love of Christ. "I have," says St. Paul, "the faith of Jesus Christ, who delivered Himself for me." Here the apostle of the Gentiles distinctly says Christ had a special love for him, and so has he for every one of His true followers, and herein lies our dignity.

Christ also selected little children for special marks of love: "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven." He declares in these words that it is only the innocent that can enter Heaven. How then, I ask, shall we be saved? Can we hope to be among the innocent? Ah! beloved brethren, the love of God is far-reaching. God also loves repentant manhood and repentant womanhood.

When the Pharisees repelled the sinners, Christ opened His arms to them. The pathetic scene of Mary Magdalen annointing the feet of Jesus whilst he was the guest of Simon brings consolation to many a weary soul."

His Eminence concluded by exhorting a greater practice of Christian love in the world. He said if we love each other, we desire nothing better than to speak and converse with each officer; so also if we love, Christ let us converse with him more frequently in prayer."

From 4 till 5.30 in the afternoon an informal reception in honor of the Cardinal was given at Col. F. W. Kerchner's residence, the interior of which was handsomely decorated with ferns, palms, roses and chrysanthemums, while the center-piece in the parlor was a mitre of white japonicas and the Cardinal ribbons. Throughout the whole reception there was a constant stream of visitors who were eager to renew their friendship with the venerable dignitary. He left with the visiting clergy in the 7 11 train in the private car of Mr. Warren G. Elliott.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

Cases Disposed Of at Yesterday's Session.

Pursuant to a recess taken on the 4th inst., the United States District Court, Judge Thos. R. Purnell presiding, assembled in this city yesterday afternoon at 2 30 o'clock. The officers in attendance are District Attorney A.B Aycock, of Goldsboro; Marshal O. J. Carroll, of Raleigh; Clerk W. H. Shaw, of this city.

During the afternoon session the following cases were disposed of:

United States vs. Jennie Thompson, Robeson county, selling liquor without license. Verdict, not guilty.

United States vs. Jim Brown, Richmond county, selling liquor without license, and concealing spirits. Not guilty as to the first count; guilty as to the second count. Fined $35 and the costs.

United States vs. Kelly Wood, retailing liquor without license, and concealing spirits. Pleaded guilty to the second count and fined $35 and the costs.

United States vs. Ed. Moore, Richmond county, selling liquor without license. Defendant called and failed; judgment ni si.

United States vs. Wiley Oakes, Richmond county, selling liquor without license. Verdict guilty.

Court shortly before 6 o'clock took a recess until 10 o'clock this morning.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Class Organist

DESIRES A POSITION. GUARANTEES good service. If in need of good music and instruction address P. O. BOX 407, CITY. Communications desired. nov 8 6t no 28 30 de 2 5 7 9

Real Estate at Auction.

ON THURSDAY NEXT, DEC. 2ND, AT 12 o'clock m., we will sell at our office, No. 10 Princess street in order to wind up an estate, the following mentioned and described property:

Two Houses and Lot, 68x150, situated upon block 283
One House and Lot, 38x165, situated upon block 293
Two Houses and Lots, 38x165, situated upon block 189
Two Houses and Lots 66x150, situated upon block 45
Two Houses and Lots, 6 x75 situated upon block 25
Five Lots or parts of Lots situated upon block 328

Terms Cash, purchaser to pay for deeds.
For further particulars apply to
CRONLY & MORRIS, Auctioneers.
Nov 23th, 1897. nov 25 4t

Seasonable and Reasonable.

Cleaned Currants,
Seeded Raisins, Citron,
Mixed Nuts, Walnuts,
Brazils, Pecans,
Filberts, Almonds.
One price, spot cash.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, Manager,
Bell Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
no 27 tf

"EVERY DOG HAS HIS DAY"

and the turkey has just had his. A good, juicy slice of our prime roast beef, a choice leg, saddle or loin of mutton or lamb, or any of our roasts, steaks, chops or appetizing hams will taste good after Thanksgiving. We will supply your table with the best meats to be found for love or money in Wilmington.

I. B. RHODES,
no 30 tf Front Street Market.

STOP AND LOOK
—IN—
OUR WINDOW.

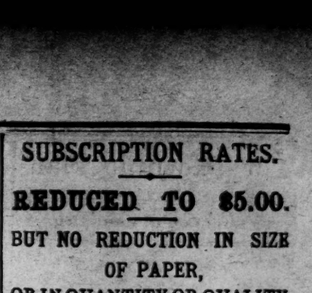
MERCER & EVANS,
no 27 tf 115 Princess Street.

EASY SIGN MARKERS.

Metal Body Rubber Type,
Solid Rubber Type,
LINEN MARKERS,
TIME STAMPS,
SEVEN YEAR DATERS,
AIR CUSHION BAND DATERS,
STAMP PADS, all colors;
INDELIBLE INK.

Anything you want in the Stamp line.

Wilmington Stamp Works,
Wilmington, N. C.
Bell Phone 240.
We have a small Printing Press for sale at half price. no 17 tf



A War With Turkey

Can be avoided this week by coming to our Store and preparing for the fray with a set of our fine Carvers. Our "Russell" Cutlery is made from the best high grade steel, and can slice the toughest gobbler. We have also in stock fine pocket and table cutlery, Scissors, Shears, etc, by the leading makers of this and foreign countries.

Our lines of Hardware, Tinware, Granite Teaware, Heating and Cooking Stoves are complete in each department, at prices that will catch the closest buyers.

J. W. Murchison,
Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
no 21 tf

Vollers & Hashagen,

Agents for Armour & Company, Chicago, Packers. Product sold on market prices of the day. You therefore buy on Rock Bottom—no middle profit.

We respectfully ask your orders.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Also agents for Powell, Smith & Company, New York.

We Sell "Renown" Cigars,
Cuban Cigars,
Smokettes,
Topical Twist Head,
Union League Club

The Cigars Notoriously Best on the market, and smokers these days demand value for

5c Cigars.

Warehouse and office A. C. Line tracks, Nutt street, near depot.
nov 28 tf

THE SOUTHERN MILLING AND LUMBER JOURNAL,

By Z. W. WHITEHEAD,
Wilmington, N. C.

Published in the heart of the long-leaf and yellow pine belt of the South.

Indispensable to timber men and lumber dealers generally.

Careful and trustworthy correspondents at all lumber centers and commercial markets.

Branch offices in Norfolk, Va.; Washington, D. C.; Philadelphia, Pa.; New York, N. Y.; Atlanta, Ga.; Charleston, S. C; New Orleans, La., and Chicago, Ill.

Full and complete market reports every week.

Subscription price $2 50 a year.
sep 26 tf

Look Here!

Geese, Turkeys, Chickens,
Pretzels, Saratoga Chips,
Poultry Seasoning. Cut price on
FINE NORTON YAM POTATOES.
Just received a fine lot Mountain Cabbages.

S. W. Sanders,
At the Unlucky Corner.
nov 17 tf

HOLIDAY GOODS.

5,000 C. C. Nuts.
1,500 Pounds Mixed Nuts.
150 Boxes L. L. Raisins.
100 Boxes Loose Raisins.
200 Boxes Firecrackers.
400 Bags Peanuts.
100 Boxes Old Va. Cheroots.
240 Boxes Perfecto Cigars.
20 Barrels Apples.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
nov 28 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call. Respectfully,
je 30 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, Nov. 30, 1897

WE COULD FORCE EUROPE.

The United States embrace the best position of the North American continent, the most fertile and the most resourceful in wealth-creating products of field, forest and mine. Within their borders are 75,000,000 of the most self-reliant, intelligent, energetic and enterprising people in the world. If communication with other countries were absolutely cut off they could not only sustain them selves, but they could do so with ease and live more comfortably than any other people in the world. They buy from other countries not be cause they are compelled to, but because they have a surplus of products which they have no use for, and buy from other countries that other countries may buy their surplus products. The party which is now in power practically asserted the independence of this country as far as the necessaries and comforts of life are concerned, when it inaugurated the protective tariff policy, which was intended to cut off European productions, and one of their proud boasts is that this policy has resulted in making us absolutely independent even as to some things which we at one time largely imported from abroad. Whether the tariff had this result or not, it is nevertheless true that such a tariff means that the country which adopts it has a self sustaining capacity, otherwise it would be gross inconsistency and nonsense, an illustration of legislation to force the impossible.

And yet we are told that this country cannot have a money policy of its own, that it dare not say what shall be money or what shall not be money, but that it must do as foreign nations dictate and dance to the music they make. Thus while we assert our self reliance and independence in everything else, we acknowledge our subordination and our dependence in the most important of all matters involving our prosperity.

We contend that while we are independent of other nations in everything else we are also independent in that, and not only independent but if we asserted this independence we would soon demonstrate that the nations which have been dictating to us, whose dictation we have been tamely and foolishly submitting to, are dependent upon us and would be forced to yield to us if we refused to yield to them.

In writing upon this subject heretofore we have asserted that it was in the power of the United States to force Great Britain and every other European gold standard country to adopt bimetallism, and that we would if we led the way, have every country on this hemisphere with us with the exception of Canada, and trade relations would put Canada practically with us, too. Some of the countries South of us have adopted the gold standard, not because they wanted to, but because pressure was brought to bear upon them by their creditor nations of Europe, and because this country to which they looked up as guide, had declared for the gold standard, that is is as far as the gold advocates were able or dared to go.

The bimetallic movement, as far as international agreement goes, has proved to be a delusion, so that the only thing left for this country to do is to declare for it independently, or to submit and wear the golden collar that the European shylocks have forged for us. Suppose we refuse to wear this collar, what then? Every country South of us which has put it on will take it off and adopt the standard that we adopt. Mexico has refused to wear it; she has shown more sterling independence than we did. Then we would have a practically solid hemisphere declaring for the restoration of silver. Then there would be more than 1,200,000,000 of the world's population for it, or more than three to one. How long could the gold worshippers of Europe hold out against that? They are not all self-sustaining nations. Very few of them are. They make their wealth by trading with other countries, not so much with each other as with the silver using nations of the world. Their money lenders make their money by lending money to other nations, and by investing it in enterprises in other countries, the larger part of it in the silver using nations. Where would they be with their gold standard if the nations with which they trade and upon whose trade they are dependent for prosperity, the nations to which they lend money, and where they find investment for their surplus, stood together in rejecting that gold standard and in refusing to be dictated to any longer? Does the manufacturer in the gold standard countries want to sell the goods he manufactures, does the man with his vaults filled with money from which he makes his income want to find places to put it, does the seeker after enterprises in which to invest his surplus want to find them? If they do, then they would have to accept the conditions presented or let their wheels stop, their ships rot at their wharves, and their money lie idle in their vaults. How long would they stand this? How long before they knuckled, accepted the inevitable, and got down on their knees in allegiance to silver as they now are to gold? A manufacturing and trading nation cannot get along without customers to buy its manufactures and the things it has to sell, and the money lending nation, while it may put on a good many airs and talk very arrogantly, must have borrowers. They may talk loudly and seem to be very independent, but they are after all the most dependent of nations. If confronted with determination by the nations they have been playing dictator to, they would soon acknowledge this by a change of tactics if not by open confession. They know the possibilities of this country if she should assert her independence, and therefore they have been doing everything in their power to prevent this and hold us in trade and monetary vassalage.

They can't do it forever, for the American people are not so stupid that they cannot learn in the school of experience, and now that the "international agreement" delusion is at an end they will see the necessity of independent action—either that or perpetual bondage to the gold taskmasters.

MINOR MENTION.

The distinguished S. Otho Wilson continues to pay his tributes of admiration to Senator Marion Butler. The following, in reference to Butler's Rocky Mount speech, is from last week's *Hayseeder*:

"We publish elsewhere language imputed to Senator Butler and the proof. His denial in the *Caucasian* was a denial of an accusation never made against him. This dodging and evasion is worthy of him. We did not hear him, but we do not doubt he made the statement, for, knowing him as we do, we think he made the statement *because we believe* Marion Butler the only man in North Carolina mean enough to suspect such motives of a human being.

"God knows the meanness of the Democratic politicians is bad enough, but we don't think that any man would make that indictment against any race or set of men, unless he was capable of doing the same. And in all our experience we have never known a man so devoid of political or personal conscience as this same blatant hypocrite."

We judge from this that Mr. Wilson has no doubt that Mr. Butler said what is charged against him, because he knows him, and to show that he knows him, remarks that "in all our experience we have never known a man so devoid of political or personal conscience as this same blatant hypocrite." It may be incidentally remarked in this connection that Mr. Wilson had very good opportunity to become quite well acquainted with Mr. Butler, and take a sample of his conscience, as they sat for a long time side by side on the same stool in the Pop wigwam, and sopped out of the same bowl while they were dishing up hot stuff for the Pops of lower degree. Oh, yes. Otho knows him; there is no doubt of that, and has known him all the while, but didn't venture to express his opinion until he and Butler collided over that railroad commissionership. That loosened Otho's tongue, and now he is telling us how mean and conscienceless the man is with whom he has been hobnobbing so long. Another illustration of the old saying, "when rogues fall out," &c.

* *

Senator Marion Butler professes to believe in "white supremacy." For years he has been editing a paper to which he gave the name of *Caucasian*, which means the white man. When he gave his paper that name he was a Democrat, but since he took his new departure he has been working in concert with the Republican party, making dickers to put the negro on top and lay white supremacy out as cold as a wedge. In all the political history of North Carolina there never was as much progress made in this direction as there has been since the present combine of Republicans and Populists got into power, and if more was not made we are not under obligation to Butler for it, for he never once opened his mouth for white supremacy or made a move to stem the tide of black supremacy. The following, as an illustration, we clip from the Raleigh *News and Observer*:

"Greenville,' writes one of its distinguished citizens, 'has actually been taken control of by the negroes. The act, as will be recalled, divided the town up into four wards. The lines are so run that the negroes have a large majority in two wards and the whites in two wards. To the two negro wards the act gives two aldermen each and to the two white wards one each. At the last election the negroes elected four negroes, and the whites two white men, so that the town has a board composed of four negroes and two white men. The mayor and chief of police are white men, elected by this negro board. The assistant policeman is a coal black negro. The clerk of the board is a negro.

"The taxable property of the town is nearly three-quarters of a million, and the four negro aldermen, the mayor and chief of police give in less than $600 worth of property for taxation.

"But for the row in the fusion camp last winter many a town in Eastern North Carolina would be in the same condition as Greenville. By their faults shall ye know them. There is no theorizing in the above statement; it is a recital of the facts, which every one may confirm for himself."

In another column we quote S. Otho Wilson's opinion of his chief. His course on the "white supremacy" question bears out Otho's characterization of the "blatant hypocrite."

* *

Georgia has some progressive members in her Legislature. We referred a few days ago to a bill introduced by one of them to provide for the establishment of State banks to supply the people with needed currency. Another has introduced a bill, which is highly commended by some of the leading papers of the State, to encourage the establishment of manufactories. Among other things it provides that any industrial enterprise in which as much as $50,000 capital is used shall be exempt from taxation for a period of ten years. The idea is good, but as we see it there is a mistake in putting the capital to be employed so large. A lower figure would be more likely to stimulate investment and to increase the number and variety of industries, and it is diversified industries that are wanted. Industries grow, and not infrequently those started with a small capital attain large proportions. It is these that need encouragement more than the larger, which are better able to stand taxation. If it were practicable, it would be a wise thing for every Southern State to do to exempt all manufactories from taxation for a reasonable number of years, long enough to give ample time to demonstrate whether there was anything in the industry or not.

THE STRANGE FACES WE MEET.

Both in Society and on the Street---Why Are Some Attractive and, Alas, Too Many Repulsive.

What a difference there is in the faces of women, and for that matter of men also, and how strange the effect is. There are faces that attract men and fascinate women, while there are others that seem to repel just as strongly.

Did you ever study faces? Have you ever paid real close attention to the looks of the men and women you meet in the course of a day? It is a fascinating study. Many of them are unattractive, but some of them have power that is most fascinating. Now, what is the secret of this charm and beauty? There is but one answer and we will give it.

It can be expressed in two words—"perfect health." No woman can look well when she is made constantly miserable by distressing weaknesses and ailments. These things destroy the complexion, bring gloominess and blues, and in addition to the misery created render the woman unattractive. No man can appear well, work well, or do well who is not feeling well. Imagine any man or woman trying to be pleasant or attractive when troubled by headaches, tired feelings, and dizzy or bearing down sensations. It is simply impossible.

For more than twenty years the American people, and for that matter the inhabitants of the entire globe, have heard of a grand discovery that overcomes these troubles as if by magic and makes the person healthy as well as attractive. Its value has been appreciated by vast numbers as well as by the medical profession, but there are some who do not know what its secret and mysterious power can do for them; but if any reader of these lines wishes to know how these disagreeable, and often deadly, symptoms can be overcome; how health, vigor and happiness can be restored, and how attractiveness may be secured, we answer unhesitatingly and frankly: "Use that great discovery, that proven remedy, Warner's Safe Cure."

It is a common thing to bring proof of the value of health-giving remedies from those who have been restored. Warner's Safe Cure does not require this. It stands prominently upon an eminence of its own, and while there are thousands of people in America alone who have voluntarily acknowledged its vast benefit to them, it does not require their endorsement to prove to any sufferer that it can help, that it can cure, that it can brighten the face, remove the lines of care and thus render, through the channels of health, that pleasant attractiveness so much desired. A trial of this remedy will fully prove to you the truth of this assertion.

CURRENT COMMENT

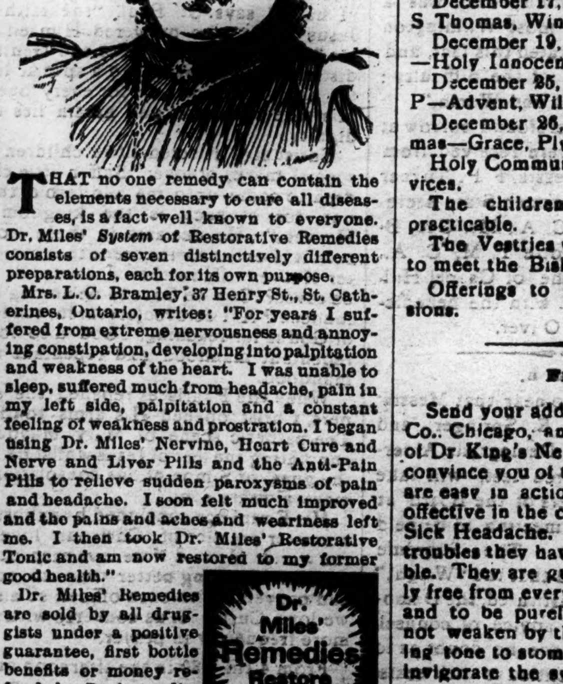
—— If Senator Wolcott will but glance Coloradoward he will perceive a keen disposition to swat any sort of explanation he may see fit to make.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— On the Coffee Exchange coffee is selling at five cents a pound. But for the coffee you buy you still pay anywhere from 25 to 35 cents a pound. The middlemen and not the consumers get the benefit of the low prices. That is the method of trusts and speculators.—*New York World, Dem.*

—— We have sometimes taken shame to ourselves in this country because of the violence of the proceedings in Congress. But our Congress in its worst estate was never comparable with the lower house of the Austrain Reichsrath in which the fighting Germans, Poles and Czechs have lately thrown order and decency to the winds, and have behaved themselves like a street mob. That nobody has been killed makes the matter worse. Where there is real occasion for war there should be accompanying manslaughter.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— The dispatches state that Germany is negotiating with the great powers for a permanent occupation of Kiao Chou bay, China, as a naval station. The bay, it will be remembered, was recently captured from the Chinese garrison by three German warships. Poor old China, it seems, is not to be consulted in the matter of permanent occupation by the Germans. If the great powers of Europe are willing, Germany will set up her naval station without asking China any odds. Will this mark the beginning of the dismemberment of the great yellow empire?—*Savannah News, Dem.*

From Extreme Nervousness.



THAT no one remedy can contain the elements necessary to cure all diseases, is a fact well known to everyone. Dr. Miles' *System* of Restorative Remedies consists of seven distinctively different preparations, each for its own purpose.

Mrs. L. C. Bramley, 37 Henry St., St. Catherines, Ontario, writes: "For years I suffered from extreme nervousness and annoying constipation, developing into palpitation and weakness of the heart. I was unable to sleep, suffered much from headache, pain in my left side, palpitation and a constant feeling of weakness and prostration. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine, Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills and the Anti-Pain Pills to relieve sudden paroxysms of pain and headache. I soon felt much improved and the pains and aches and weariness left me. I then took Dr. Miles' Restorative Tonic and am now restored to my former good health."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y (sa tu th Change.

TWINKLINGS.

— "What a quiet man Barkley is. He never has a word to say."

"Oh, but you've never seen him when his wife wasn't around."—*Cleveland Leader*.

— "He gives twice that gives quickly," urged the collector, earnestly.

"True," responded Snagge, calmly, "but I've often noticed that he that gives slowly very frequently doesn't have to give at all."

— It was at the beginning of their wedding trip. "Dear," she inquired anxiously, "in the excitement of leaving, did you say good-by to papa and mamma?"

"No," he replied, "I said 'au revoir.'"—*Puck*

— "The horse has another point of superiority over the wheel."

"What is it?"

"When a horse is getting ready to shy at anything you can tell it by his ears."—*Chicago Record*

— "I'm afraid," said the candidate gloomily, "the other side has me beaten and they know it."

"Why do you think so?" asked his friend.

"Well, there are very few campaign lies being circulated about me."

— "If I were in your shoes," said Mrs. Doncater, "I would—"

"Hold on right there," interrupted Mrs. Burbeck, "let us not go beyond the real of possibilities"

Three seconds later the front door went shut with a loud bang!—*Cleveland Leader*.

— "Is a man ever justified in breaking a matrimonial engagement?" he asked anxiously.

The query editor looked thoughtful. "It is not so much a question of justification," he said at last, "as it is of the kind of cinch the girl has on you for breach of promise."—*Chicago Post*

— "There is one point about your friend Boswell, Johnson," said Napoleon. "He simply doted on you"

"Say rather," retorted Johnson, "that he once doted on me. He reminded me somewhat of you in your prime, Bonaparte."

"In what respect?" demanded Napoleon

"He was a Parasite," said Johnson.—*Harper's Bazaar*

— Love-making in the Western metropolis, according to the Chicago *News*: "I'm a plain, everyday business man," said Merritt, "and I am nothing if not practical. Miss Wisely, will you be my wife?"

"I admire your frankness, Mr. Merritt," replied the fair object of his affections, "because I am inclined to be rather matter of fact myself. How much are you worth?"

Pure blood is absolutely necessary for for perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier and great health giver. †

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 28, Sunday 1st in Advent, M P—Zion, Bunyan, Beaufort county.
E P—S Peter's, Washington.
November 29, Monday, E P—Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.
November 30, Tuesday, Communion—Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.
December 2, Thursday, E P—S Martin's, Hamilton.
December 3, Friday, Communion—S Martin's, Hamilton.
December 5, Sunday second in Advent, M P—S Mary's, Gatesville.
December 5, Sunday 2d in Advent, E P—S Peter's, Gates county.
December 8, Wednesday, E P—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.
December 9, Thursday, Communion—S Barnabas, Murfreesboro.
December 9, Thursday, E P—S John's, Winton.
December 10, Friday, Communion—S John's, Winton.
December 12, Sunday 3d in Advent, M P—Grace, Woodville.
December 12, Sunday 3d in Advent, E P—S Mark's, Roxobel.
December 16, Thursday, E P—S Thomas, Windsor.
December 17, Friday, Communion—S Thomas, Windsor.
December 19, Sunday 4th in Advent—Holy Innocents, Avoca.
December 25, Saturday, Christmas, M P—Advent, Williamston.
December 26, Sunday after Christmas—Grace, Plymouth.

Holy Communion at all morning services.

The children catechised whenever practicable.

The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions. †

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action, and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: More wheat has been sown in this county than for many years.

— Fair Bluff *Times*: The people of this section are investing freely in all kinds of fruit trees.

— Rockingham *Index*: Mr. J. C. Smith, the chicken dealer, sometimes runs across queer specimens of the feathered tribe in his trade. The latest addition to his stock is a hairy chicken. In the place of feathers it appears to have fine hairs growing on its back and is quite a curiosity.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The State pays pretty dearly for some of its convicts. Four—young white boys, all of them, and for short terms—were brought here yesterday from Ashe county. It cost $111 30 to get them here, to say nothing of the cost of catching and convicting them.

— Salisbury *Sun*: Mr. H. G. Miller, of Franklin township, tells us to day that the people of his neighborhood are sowing more wheat this year than they have for some time. The ground is being prepared better and the wheat put in nicer than usual, he says. Cotton fields of ten and fifteen acres that have been run in the staple for years are being turned and sowed in wheat.

— Raleigh *Times*: The Supreme Court has set the case of L. C. Caldwell vs James W. Wilson, in the suit to determine the validity of Gov. Russell's action, to be argued before the court on the fourth of December.

—— William S. Etters, convicted of manslaughter at the Spring term, 1894, of Cleveland Superior Court and sentenced to fifteen years in the State prison, was to day pardoned by Gov. Russell.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Along all the roads leading to Charlotte the farmers report seeing wheat and oats being sowed, or fields put in preparation for sowing in December. If the reports now received may be accepted as an average of what is being done all over the county, the cotton acreage will be decreased as much as 25 per cent. Some of the farmers are inclined to put the estimate at 33 per cent.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Mr. Simon E. Hodges died yesterday morning about 6 o'clock, at his home, five miles northwest of Kinston, aged 66 years, of blood poison. —— Basil Morton died at his home three miles from Tenton, last Wednesday morning of paralysis. He was first stricken some weeks ago, and had two attacks afterwards, the last proving fatal. Mr. Morton was in his 82d year.

The Death of Pontiac.

In April, 1769, Pontiac went to St. Louis. One day he arrayed himself in the uniform of a French officer, given to him years before by the Marquis of Montcalm. After visiting his old friends, he repaired to the village of Cahokia, across the Mississippi, where he joined in a feast given by the Illinois. In the early morning he left the town for the forest, singing as he went. An English trader, Wilkinson by name, thinking to rid his country of a dangerous enemy, promised an Illinois Indian a barrel of rum to murder the famous chief. This treachery on the part of one of their number cost the Illinois dear, for Pontiac's friends did not cease in their vengeance until they had practically wiped out the Illinois nation. The body of the chief was buried with military honors near the fort at St. Louis. "Neither mound nor tablet," says Parkman, "marked the burial place of Pontiac. For a mausoleum a city has risen above the forest hero, and the race whom he hated with such burning rancor trample with unceasing footsteps over his forgotten grave."—Charles Moore in Harper's Magazine.

Some Metaphor.

The Bozeman (Mon.) Chronicle tells of a Montana legislator who, when some corrections in spelling and grammar in his bill were called to his attention by the committee, said, "Why, you fellows have mutilated it!" It was the same statesman who said, in addressing a committee of which he was a member: "The muddy slough of politics was the bowlder upon which the law was split in twain and fell in a thousand pieces from the pedro of justice. Let us, then, gear up our lions, that we can go forth with a clear head."

They who are proud of family antiquity ought to be ashamed of beating a dog, who, we are certified, is of older creation. —Landor.

The Surprise of All.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Horses and Mules

25 Head of Horses.

25 Head of Mules.

Just received.

Call and examine. You will certainly find one to please you. Don't buy until you have seen this fresh new lot of fine stock.

F. T. MILLS,

nov 25 tf 112 and 114 North Water St.

Extreme Delicacy.

The man who always looks good natured was in a particularly glowing mood as he remarked:

"I closed a first rate deal yesterday; sold a piece of property at a big advance on the original price. I never should have bought it in the first place if it had not been for the fancy my wife took to it. I tell you it's always a good idea to get your wife's advice about any business you may have on hand."

"Yes," replied Mr. Meekton. "I have always thought it was a good idea where it is practicable."

"Oh, I see! You are facetious. You mean that a man may be unmarried."

"No. I was thinking of my own case."

"Don't you ask your wife's advice?"

"I used to. But I don't any more."

"Didn't it turn out well?"

"Oh, yes. But circumstances have changed."

"You don't mean to say that you and she have had a difference?"

"No, indeed. I shouldn't think of difference. But I shouldn't ask her advice about any business for fear of having my motives misconstrued. You see, Henrietta has been studying law, and if I were to ask her advice she might think I was trying to take advantage of our relationship to get something for nothing."—Washington Star.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute		@ 6¾
Standard		@ 7⅜
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ lb	12	@ 14
Sides ℔ lb	6	@ 7½
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@ 7½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ lb		@ 5¼
Shoulders ℔ lb		@ 5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00	@ 1 10
New New York, each		@ 1 20
New City, each		@ 1 30
BEESWAX ℔ lb		@ 22
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@ 7 00
Northern	9 00	@ 14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ lb	10	@ 16
Northern	18	@ 25
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	44	@ 45
Virginia Meal	44	@ 45
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@ 85
CANDLES—℔ lb—		
Sperm	18	@ 25
Adamantine	8	@ 10
CHEESE—℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	10	@ 11
Dairy, Cream		@ 11
State		@ 10
COFFEE—℔ lb—		
Laguyra	20	@
Rio	8	@ 10½
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@ 5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@ 20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@ 17
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@ 30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@ 15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@ 18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@ 9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@ 14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 75	@ 4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@ 7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@ 3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@ 10
" Extra	3 35	@ 3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade		@ 3 75
Choice		@ 4 75
Straight		@ 5 10
First Patent	5 35	@ 5 60
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	@ 8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White		@ 45
Car load, in bags—White		@ 44
Oats, from store		@ 32
Oats, Rust Proof		@ 40
Cow Peas		@ 5-
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
Green		@ 6
Dry		@ 8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Clover Hay	80	@ 85
Rice Straw		@ 50
Eastern		@ 90
Western		@ 85
North River		@ 75
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	1½	@ 2
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	5½	@ 6
North Carolina	6	@ 10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@ 1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@ 20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@ 16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@ 18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@ 22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@ 15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbados, in hhds		@ 26
" " in bbls		@ 28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@ 26
" in bbls		@ 28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@ 14
" in bbls	14	@ 15
Syrup, in bbls	12	@ 15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@ 1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess		@ 9 50
Rump		@ 9 25
Prime		@ 9 25
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@ 22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@ 1 10
Liverpool		@ 60
Lisbon		@
American	40	@ 60
On 125 lb Sacks		@ 40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@ 6 50
Common	1 80	@ 2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@ 3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd		@ 5¼
Standard A		@ 5⅛
White Ex. C		@ 4⅞
Extra C, Golden		@ 4⅝
C. Yellow		@ 3⅞
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼	@ 4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@ 14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@ 10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@ 9 00
Mill, Prime		@ 7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@ 4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@ 5 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@ 3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@ 8 50
" Sap	5 00	@ 6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@ 5 00
" Sap	4 00	@ 4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00	@ 6 50
" Sap	5 00	@ 50
TALLOW, ℔ lb		@ 6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@ 2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@ 2 00
WOOL ℔ lb—Unwashed	8	@ 15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, November 29

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 30½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 29½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market quiet at $1.05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady; $1 40 per barrel for Hard, $1.90 for Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin dull, $1 50, 1 55; tar steady, $1 10. crude turpentine quiet, $1 40, 2 00, 1 90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	119
Rosin	458
Tar	155
Crude Turpentine	77

Receipts same day last year—46 casks spirits turpentine, 481 bbls rosin, 371 bbls tar, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5⅜c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 15-16 cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4¼ " "
Low Middling	4 15-16 " "
Middling	5⅜ " "
Good Middling	5⅝ " "

Same day last year, middling 7½c.

Receipts—2,886 bales; same day last year, 1,563.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime 40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.10@1 15 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch; $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29—Evening.—Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan 1½@2, and closed offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3 @3½ per cent Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 485¾@486 for demand; 483@483¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 484 @487. Commercial bills 482¼@482¾. Silver certificates 59@59½. Government bonds strong; new fours, registered, 128½ new fours, coupon, 128½, fours, registered, 113; fours, coupon, 114; twos, registered, 98½; fives, registered, 114¼; fives, coupon, 114¼; State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 122; North Carolina fours 102.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29—Rosin steady, strained common to good $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine firm at 32½@33c

SAVANNAH, Nov. 29.—Spirits turpentine 30⅜c; sales 747 casks, receipts 1 187 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2 000 barrels; receipts 5 632 barrels; quotations—A, B, C, D $1 15, E, F $1 20, G $1 25 H $1 39 I $1 40, K $1 55, M $1 75, N $2 15, W G $2 40, W W $2 80.

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 29.—The market for cotton opened barely steady. The first call developed a decline of 1 to 3 points, cables from the English cotton markets being disappointing. Following the call there was a further loss of 1 to 3 points in the absence of support from outside sources, while there was some selling by houses with Southern and European connections. Later the market recovered the loss on disappointing receipts, New Orleans alone reporting 8 000 bales less than official estimates. But trading was slow and the market made a narrow range for the day, the tone finally quiet and steady at a net decline of 1 to 2 points and total sales reaching but 89 200 bales. In the afternoon the market was about steady, predictions of extremely cold weather in the cotton belt to-night breaking the force of increased receipts estimates prevalent this afternoon.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 5 13 16c.

Cotton futures opened barely steady, with sales of 6,200 bales, and closed quiet and steady, with sales of 89 200 bales; January 5 71, February 5 76 March 5 80, April 5 85, May 5 90 June 5 95, July 6 00, August 6 04, September 6 04, October 6 02, November 5 65, December 5 66.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 5 13 16c; middling gulf 6 1-16c; sales 345 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 1 611 bales; gross 15.032 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France 1.115 bales; to the Continent 2 250 bales; forwarded 7,978 bales; sales 345 bales; sales to spinners 45 bales; stock (actual) 88 058 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 75 334 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,665 bales; to France 12,652 bales; to the Continent 18 548 bales; stock 979 537 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 18 127 bales; exports to Great Britain 30 091 bales; to France 26,977 bales; to the Continent 52 081 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3 633 758 bales; exports to Great Britain 1 213 853 bales; exports to France 334 428 bales; exports to the Continent 953 407 bales.

Nov. 29.—Galveston, quiet at 5⅝c, net receipts 30 759 bales; Norfolk, steady at 5¾, net receipts 5 056 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 5⅝, net receipts — bales Boston, steady at 5 3 16, net receipts 2,987 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5⅜, net receipts 2,886 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6 1-16, net receipts 328 bales; Savannah, steady at 5½, net receipts 7 658 bales; New Orleans, firm at 5½, net receipts 16,110 bales; Mobile, quiet at 5 3 16, net receipts 3 096 bales; Memphis, steady at 5¼, net receipts 6,621 bales; Augusta, firm at 5 7 16, net receipts 4 896 bales; Charleston, steady at 5 3 16, net receipts 4,790 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29—Evening.—Flour quiet and lower to sell. Wheat—spot quiet; No. 1 in store and at elevator 99c f. o. b. afloat; options opened weak under bearish cables, foreign selling and big Northwestern receipts and declined all day, with few exceptions, influenced further by liquidations and light export demand; closed 1½@2½c net lower; No. 2 red December closed 97⅝c; May closed 93⅝c. Corn—spot weak; No. 2 33⅝c f. o. b. afloat; options opened easy under prospects of larger receipts, declined with wheat and lower cables and closed ¼@⅜c net lower; May closed 34⅝c; December closed 31⅝c. Oats—spot quiet; No. 2 26¼c; options were dull and featureless all day, closing unchanged; December closed 25⅝c. Lard easy; Western steam $4 47½; December $4 45 nominal; refined quiet; Continent $4 70; South American $5 15; compound 4@4¼c. Pork—market more active Butter was quoted steady; Western creamery 14@23c; do. factory 11½@14c; Elgins 23c; imitation creamery 13@17c; State dairy 12@20; do. creamery 14@22c. Cheese dull; State, large white September 8¼@8½c; State, small white September 9@9¼c; large colored September 8¼ @8½c; small colored September 9@9¼c; large October 7¾@8c; small October 8½c; light skims 6@6½c; part skims 5@6c full skims 2½@4c. Petroleum quiet; United closed 67c bid. Cotton seed oil steady; prime crude 18½c; prime yellow 21½ Rice firm. Molasses steady. Coffee—spot Rio quiet and steady; No. 7 invoice 6½; No 7 jobbing 6¾c; mild quiet; Cordova 8½@11c. Sugar—raw firm: fair refining 3 5 16c; centrifugal 96 test 3⅝c; refined firm.

CHICAGO, November 29.—Wheat was weak at the start to day and hardly changed except for the worse as long as the session lasted. At the close December was 1⅜c lower and May 1⅛@1¼c lower. Weak cables and heavy world's shipments were the main factors in the decline, though the extreme dullness of trade contributed not a little towards the weakness. Other markets were weak in sympathy Corn lost ⅛c and oats ⅛c. Provisions closed unchanged to 5c lower.

CHICAGO, Nov 29.—Cash quotations: Flour—market was steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring 90@91c; No. 3 spring 83@94c; No. 2 red 96@97½ Corn—No 2 25¾ @26c. Oats—No 2 20¾. No 2 white f. o. b. 23⅜@24½c; No. 3 white f. o. b 22½@23¾c. Mess pork, per barrel $7 25@7 30. Lard, per 100 lbs $4 20@4 22½. Short rib sides, loose $4 15@4 70 Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 7 @5 00. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 45@4 50. Whiskey $1 19

The leading futures ranged as follows: opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—November 95¾, December 97½ 97¾ 96 96, May 91⅝@91¾ 91¾ 90⅜, 90½@90⅝c Corn—November 25¾@25⅞ 25⅞ 25⅜ 25⅜c; December 25¾@25⅞, 25⅞ 25⅜, 25⅜; May 29½@29⅝, 29½@29⅝ 29@29⅛ 29½c. Oats—December 20⅜@20½ 20½@20⅝ 20⅜, 20⅝; May 22 22½ 21⅞ 21⅞c. Mess pork—December $7 27½, 7 30 7 22½, 7 25, January $8 22½, 8 22½ 8 15 8 17½; May $8 45 8 47½ 8 40 8 40 Lard—December $4 12½ 4 12½ 4 07½ 4 07½; January $2 25 4 27½ 4 22½ 4 22½; May $4 42½, 4 45 4 37½, 4 40 Short ribs—December $4 17½ 4 17½ 4 15, 4 15; January $4 17½ 4 20 4 15, 4 15; May $4 30, 4 32½ 4 30, 4 30

BALTIMORE, Nov. 29.—Flour dull; Western superfine $2 80@3 10; do extra $3 45@4 20, do family $4 50@4 75; winter wheat patents $4 90@5 10; do spring $5 00@5 25; spring wheat straight $4 80@5 00. Wheat dull and easy; spot and month 97½@97⅝c December 97⅞@98c January 98@98½c; steamer No. 2 red 92@92½c, Southern wheat by sample 93@98½c; do on grade 93½@98½c Corn easy; spot 33@33½c; month 32⅞@33⅛c December 33½@32⅝c; November or December, new or old 33@32½c, January 32@32½c; steamer mixed 31@31½c. Southern white corn 34@35c; do yellow 33@34; Oats firm. No. 2 white 29@29½c; No. 2 mixed 26½@27c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 29.—4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, good business done and prices unchanged. American middling 3¼d. Sales of the day were 14,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 12,900 American. Receipts 14 000 bales, of which 13 900 were American. Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed quiet American middling (l m c): November 3 13-64@3 14 64d seller; November and December 3 10 64@3 11-64d buyer, December and January 3 10-64d seller; January and February 3 10-64d seller February and March 3 10 64d buyer; March and April 3 11 64d seller; April and May 3 11-64@3 12 64d buyer; May and June 3 13 64d buyer; June and July 3 14 64@3 15 64d seller; July and August 3 15 64@3 16 64d buyer; August and September 3 16 64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Schr Geo Taulene, 63 tons, Bloodgood, Charleston, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

ARRIVED AT CASWELL.

Schr Wm H Shubert, 502 tons, Cook, Wilmington, Del, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Steamer E A Hawes, Williams, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

CLEARED.

Steamer E A Hawes, Williams, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

Br steamship Kirkby 1176 tons, Spence, Bremen, Alex Sprunt & Son.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Steamship Oneida—170 pkgs mdse, 52 cases cotton flannels, 96 bbls c. s. oil 91 do rosin, 712 do tar, 275 do sp rits, 700 bales cotton, 78,351 feet lumber.

FOREIGN.

BREMEN—Br steamship Kirkby—9,700 bales, 4 786,409 pounds cotton, valued at $387 194; vessel and cargo by Alex Sprunt & Son.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 27, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Wm H Sherbert, 502 tons, Cook, Geo Harriss, Son & Co [At Caswell]
Geo Taulene, 63 tons, Bloodgood, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Samuel W Hall, 806 tons, Mumford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Charles H Sprague, 260 tons, Harper, Geo Harriss Son & Co.
James Rothwell, 473 tons, Fisher, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Daphne, 565 tons, Madsen, Paterson, Downing & Co.
Friedrick (Swed), 665 tons, Tybee, Paterson, Downing & Co.
Vineta (Nor) 629 tons, Pedersen, E Peschau & Co.

BRIGS.

Gabrielle, 422 tons Munday, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Kelvingrove (Br), 1,714 tons, Ryder, Hiede & Co.
Corinthia (Br) 838 tons, Roberts, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Trunkby, 1668 tons, McGarthy, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Ormsby (Br), 1 828 tons, Robinson, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Vera (Br), 2 854 tons, Nicholson, J H Sloan.
Oceanic (Br), 1,863 tons, Marshal, Heide & Co.

DUCRO'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR

IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED AS

A REMEDY FOR LUNG DISEASES

AND AS A

Preventive for Typhoid, Malaria

And all kinds of Fever.

Agts. E. FOUGERA & CO., New York

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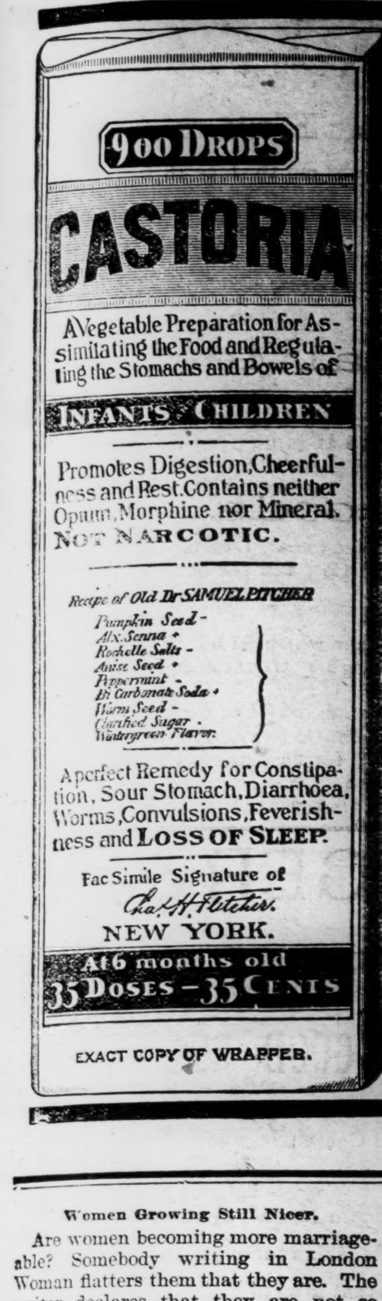

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Chas. H. Fletcher.

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OF EVERY

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THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Women Growing Still Nicer.

Are women becoming more marriageable? Somebody writing in London Woman flatters them that they are. The writer declares that they are not so ready to rush into matrimony certainly, for their lives are no longer stunted and empty, and they are perhaps inclined to subject suitors to a little more mental criticism. Moreover, men are, happily, not so eager to marry young. "I think we shall find as the world goes on more happy marriages to rejoice our quality of benevolence, for the reasons that I have just stated are deep and powerful incentives to happiness. If only each sex would more fully realize the honor done to it at the altar by the other! The nicest, most chivalrous hearted men sometimes say that half their pleasure in a wife consists in taking care of her, yet one cannot help agreeing with the saying of some writer that 'a woman, in order to give her hand with dignity, must be able to stand alone.' The gift is then complete, open hearted and generous—a meet return for the honor, grace and reverence which have been freely paid to her."

MAGICALLY EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR WEAK MEN OF ALL AGES

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The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

WAR AND COMMERCE.

The Inventor as Potent a Factor In the One as In the Other.

War is always a horrible possibility, but when divested of its personal and political details it cannot but possess a peculiar fascination for the engineer, especially since engineering has so largely entered into all the methods of modern warfare. Since the last great war the machinery of warfare has been almost entirely recreated, and indeed many devices have been invented, constructed and become obsolete without ever having had a chance to show what they were worth in actual combat. Should the great powers become involved in warfare, however, there is no doubt that numerous mechanical devices, till the present kept secret, will appear in various lines of fighting machinery, and it is not impossible that, as in the days of the monitor, armaments and equipments upon which millions have been spent will find themselves relegated to the curiosity shop overnight.

The restless ingenuity of the inventor is almost as much of a bane to the leaders of commercial warfare as to the war lords of militarism. It has been said, and doubtless with truth, that the managers of the great commercial combinations consider the possibilities of superseding inventions as the greatest element of risk in their calculations. From this point of attack industrial combinations are almost helpless, for no degree of business skill can avail when whole plants are rendered obsolete by the advent of some new device or process which may supplant the entire method of manufacture, if not the product itself. It is this equalizing element which may, in obedience to the law of supply and demand, check to a great extent the growth of commercial combinations, intended to control production, prices and business. The very success of a business combination sets inventors to work devising methods, processes and machines to accomplish similar results by other means, and no man knows what a day may bring forth when the tide of invention is turned in any one definite direction. The natural laws of the physical forces must control in the end, and it is to those laws that the development of the commercial side, as well as the technical portion of human industry, must look for ultimate guidance.—Cassier's Magazine.

USE THEIR OWN REMEDIES.

Chinese Methods In Cases of Smallpox and Other Diseases.

"With the exception of the narcotics, the Chinese use none of our medicines as curatives or remedial agents, and yet they are a longer lived race than we are," said R. W. Ransom of San Francisco. "It is a serious violation of their rules for any member of their numerous colony in San Francisco to call for or accept the services of an American physician in cases of sickness. They use their own peculiar remedies even for the cure of so serious a disease as smallpox, though, of course, if the authorities learn of the existence of this loathsome malady among the pigtails, they are yanked off and treated like all the victims of this disease.

"It is a curious fact, well worthy of investigation, that when they are subjected to our treatment for smallpox fewer cures are effected than when they are permitted to apply their own remedies in their own way. So patent has this fact become to the health authorities of San Francisco that they wink at smallpox in the Chinese quarter until somebody makes a hue and cry over its existence. The disease is more common among them than the general public suspects, and they regard it as a visitation of divine wrath for some infraction of the Confucian religious code. I have seen Chinese women going around from house to house in their quarter of the city with babes in their arms on whom the dread disease had made dangerous progress. It is a Chinese custom to thus exhibit the affliction visited on the household before treatment for its arrest or cure is begun. This is to warn others to walk in the straight and narrow path lest their households, too, be singled out for a visitation of Confucian wrath.

"Their first treatment consists in swathing the entire body of the victim in bandages strongly saturated with an opiate preparation. Nothing else is applied for 24 hours. At the expiration of that period the patient, whether infant or adult, is dosed with gallons of liquids, and this is continued until a complete cure is effected or death ensues. They guard closely the secret of this liquid preparation and cannot be induced even to allow pharmacists to look at it."—St. Louis Republic.

Escaped an Awful Risk.

The poker game was at its height. Beason had lost all his money, but he was burning with the gambling fever, and would not leave the table. He pledged his watch, a gift of his deceased father, for chips and quickly lost them all. Then he laid on the table a ring which had been given him by a loving sister. The chips he received in exchange lasted just three minutes. For a moment he hesitated, his face flushed, and he started to leave. But when he heard a sneering remark about his poker abilities, he uttered an oath, sat down again and converted into chips a diamond pin, which was a birthday present from the girl he loved. In ten minutes he was broke again.

The fever was now burning fiercely in his veins, and he cried recklessly: "I'll put up everything I possess—the shirt on my back, if it comes to that." Wild with excitement, he sprang to his feet and shouted: "I will do you fellows yet. I will keep up the game even if I have to risk"—

He stopped. His face became livid. He looked around like a caged beast. Then, making a rush for the door, he moaned: "Not that! Oh, heavens, I cannot risk that! No, no, no!"

As he disappeared one of the players remarked: "Poor devil! I guess he was going to put up some keepsake from his mother."

But such was not the case. For one awful moment Beason had been tempted to risk his bicycle.—New York Journal.

LECTURED BY HIS BRIDE.

The Deacon's Wife Told Him In Emphatic Terms What to Expect.

Old Deacon Stubbs rested his elbows on the rail fence and watched the wreaths of smoke that arose from his corncob pipe. But he shyly raised his eyes every few moments and glanced fondly at a plump little woman who was busily engaged in picking potato bugs from the rows of vines on the other side of the palings.

He finally removed the pipe from his mouth and in a drawling but earnest tone remarked:

"I say, widder, hain't today jist a year sence your old man got the fever an agur an shook off his mortal coil?"

"Cum to think, deacon," the woman answered, as she made a grab for a good sized bug. "It do be a year to the day. An a dreary year et hez bin, deacon."

"Jist so, widder," continued the deacon, lowering his voice. "Hev you bin lonesome like?"

"I hev thet same, deacon."

"Hev you had a hankering to git spliced again, widder?"

"They hez bin times, deacon, ez I would like to hev"—

"I say, widder," interrupted the deacon, "hev you set your mind on anybuddy yit?"

"Me? La, no, deacon, er—thet is—I hain't 'lowed anybody wanted Widder Simmons."

"Er—I—say, widder, they is ones what would be willin."

"Who be they, deacon?" the widow asked with animation.

"Waal, thar's ole Felix Foster an Farmer Dudley an thar's—but I say, widder, I 'low I knows of one what 'ud be puffectly willin."

"Who be it, deacon?"

"Waal, I 'low 'taint ettikett fur an ole widderer like me to be playin at courtin, but I mought be willin to buck ag'in life's river with Widder Simmons."

"La, me, deacon; I never 'spected sich. Why, course I'm willin, deacon, ef you air."

"I'm willin, just right now, widder. Here comes Parson Gadley 'cross the farm, an you an I'll git spliced in less'n two minutes."

Parson Gadley, after much surprise, asked the deacon and Widow Simmons to join hands over the fence, and in a short time the ceremony was over.

"Now, widder," said the deacon, after the parson had offered them a blessing, "clim' right over the fence an grab my arm. I want to take you home an introjuce you to my darter Carryline."

"I'm right willin," the widow said, as she scrambled quickly over the fence, "but I 'low plum now, ef your darter Carryline is sot again this percedin, me an she is goin to fit like two cats, an ef you take her part, deacon, I'm goin tu raise a lump on your head ez big as thet cowhouse yonder. Now, hearken to me, deacon; you wanted Widder Simmons, an you've got to stan around an do jist ez Widder Simmons sez, an so does your darter Carryline, ef she hez seed 47 summers an got gray hairs."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Richest American.

"Who is reputed to be the wealthiest person in the United States?" Some two or three years ago a New York correspondent of a leading western paper devoted a good deal of space in setting forth the wealth attained by the men who had accumulated $50,000,000 or more. At that time the list contained nine names and stood in the following order: William Waldorf Astor, $150,000,000; Jay Gould, $100,000,000; John D. Rockefeller, $90,000,000; Cornelius Vanderbilt, $90,000,000; William K. Vanderbilt, $80,000,000; Henry M. Flagler, $60,000,000; John I. Blair, $50,000,000; Russell Sage, $50,000,000; Collis P. Huntington, $50,000,000.

The above estimates were said to be authentic at the time they were published. The wealth of Mr. Astor consists of real estate in New York city; Gould's was in stocks and bonds; Rockefeller's is partly in Standard Oil stocks and partly in railroad securities; the Vanderbilts' is in railroad stocks and bonds; Mr. Flagler's is in Standard Oil stocks and government bonds; Mr. Blair's is in government and municipal securities; Mr. Sage's is in stocks and bonds or loans, and Mr. Huntington's is in railroad securities.

It is said that William Waldorf Astor will be a billionaire before he reaches the allotted age, and that he will follow the precedent set by his great-grandfather, John Jacob Astor, in transmitting his fortune to his eldest son. Should he become a billionaire his income at 6 per cent interest would be $60,000,000 a year, $5,000,000 a month, $1,171,154 a week, $166,849 a day, $6,952.05 an hour, $115.87 a minute and $1.93 a second.

As to the wealth of Andrew Carnegie and John Wanamaker, the iron and steel king is said to be worth $20,000,000 and the merchant prince $10,000,000.—Chicago Record.

The German Emperor and Empress.

I remember that when I lived in Berlin, when a child, Sunday was scarcely observed in any way by the Germans. The churches were well nigh empty. You might have imagined yourself in London upon a bank holiday. But the present empress is a woman of very firm religious principle, and William II, however changeable he may be in other matters, is a rock where his pious belief is concerned. It has been the dearest wish of both himself and the empress to introduce the "English Sunday" to the Germans, and it is wonderful indeed how they have succeeded. The increase of belief is remarkable; the Berlin churches are now attended by crowds, and the clergymen, formerly at a discount in society, are feted as if they were the military.

Both emperor and empress always attend divine service in the morning. The preacher is forbidden, it is true, to speak longer than 15 minutes, and the congregation is warned against "staring" at their majesties. After church the royal couple entertain a few intimate friends at luncheon, and before bedtime the empress imparts some Bible knowledge to her children.—Woman at Home.

Ringing the Bell and Running.

"In the days when knockers graced the house door," said Mr. Stoggleton, "the small boy found sport in banging the knocker and running. When bells came in, he yanked on the bell pull and then fled. Nowadays he mysteriously presses the button, but the sport of calling people to the door for nothing is not what it was, and it seems probable that with the general introduction of the push button, it will finally fall into decadence.

"There was some fun in pounding with the door knocker, whose thunder reverberated through the hall and filled the house, all of which you could hear yourself. And you could yank the bell out to the limit, causing the bell to fly almost off the spring; there was fun in this. But there is no such fun in pushing in a push button. You can press that in perhaps a quarter of an inch, and that is all you can do with it. Say you are in the vestibule of a flat. Very likely you don't hear the bell ring at all; it may be that it is up three or four flights of stairs; you hear no sound. Nobody comes to the door; you don't have to run. Possibly the people whose bell you have rung may press a button up there in the air somewhere and you may hear the click of the door opener at your side, or they may not do even that.

"It is dry fun; not like the old slam-bang knocker on the outside of the door or the bell pull with the jingle bell right in the hall."—New York Sun.

Guarding the Levees.

Every foot of the levees was guarded by armed men, for, with the river booming and straining and bulging on both sides, it is a sore temptation for a dweller on one bank to save his fortune by cutting the levee on the opposite side and relieving the tenseness of the strain on his own bulwarks by the treacherous outlet into his neighbor's fields. Then the irresponsible darky has just enough imagination to conceive of free government bacon and "pone" under the flood conditions which a sly stab at the levee would bring without any realization of the horrible price he was paying for it.—"About the World" in Scribner's.

It is estimated that one-twelfth of the population of England suffer from gout. A Berlin physician, Dr. Fehlaner, says that this malady is often due to the excessive use of meat.

Newton was so small and frail at birth that his life was despaired of. He lived, however, to be 85, which was also Voltaire's age.

The Educational Ideal.

Our present system of elementary education does not rise to the moral requirements of the age. It stands too largely for the development of the memory for the purpose of mere money making, to the neglect of the nobler spiritual qualities. It too often leaves out the cultivation of the heart and the training of the hand, the quickening of the conscience and the growth of the moral perception. Such a system is not education in any large sense; it is what Pestalozzi called "mere instruction." The education that makes character, individual and national, begins with the heart, the conscience and the imagination. The storing of the memory with facts is a tool shop more essential to the making of a living than the learning how to live, which is life's higher purpose. "We create life through ideals," taught Pestalozzi. "We learn by doing," said Froebel. And both agreed that life must be taught from life or by example, and that the individual gift of the pupil was "sacred to the teacher," and that each pupil must be developed after his own gift as though there were no other pupils like him or gift like his in the world. The old time New England school dame, whipping the dates of the reigns of Roman emperors into 5-year-old brains, formed no part of the grand Pestalozzian vision. "Education stands for character," said Pestalozzi. Our national education is defective in the power of this fundamental principle. A reconstruction of education must come in this country, and the best methods of character education be made universal or else we must suffer deterioration. A heart that responds to justice is the first lesson of life, and the ideal or gift of the pupil must be studied by the teacher before the pupil is put to memorizing text books, which is instruction.—Review of Reviews.

Friendship.

How were friendship possible? In mutual devotedness to the good and true—otherwise impossible; except as armed neutrality or hollow commercial league. A man, be the heavens ever praised, is sufficient for himself; yet were ten men, united in love, capable of being and of doing what 10,000 singly would fail in. Infinite is the help man can yield to man. —Carlyle.

Married Men Preferred.

Boss (to clerk applying for a job)—Married or single?

Clerk—Single.

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Clerk—Why?

Boss—Because they're not in such a hurry to get home at night.—Twinkles.

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Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 6 53 p m, Rockingham 7 39 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 25 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 20 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 56 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 23 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 20 a m, Shelby 11 [illegible] a m, Rutherfordton 12 30 noon, Athens 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 3[illegible]—Leaves Hamlet 8 20 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 8 46 a m, Maxton 9 06 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 53 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1 50 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 30 p m, Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 18 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 10 31 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m, Hamlet 11 20 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 2 16 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

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Arrive	Fayetteville	12 10 p m
Leave	Fayetteville	12 22 "
Leave	Fayetteville Junction	12 27 "
Leave	Sanford	1 48 "
Leave	Climax	3 47 "
Arrive	Greensboro	4 20 "
Leave	Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave	Stokesdale	5 17 "
Leave	Walnut Cove	5 47 "
Leave	Rural Hall	6 15 "
Arrive	Mt Airy	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.		No. 1. DAILY.
Leave	Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave	Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave	Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave	Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive	Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave	Greensboro	12 15 p m
Leave	Climax	12 43 "
Leave	Sanford	2 36 "
Leave	Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive	Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave	Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive	Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.		No. 4. DAILY.
Leave	Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive	Maxton	9 02 "
Leave	Maxton	9 07 "
Leave	Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave	Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive	Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.		No. 3. DAILY.
Leave	Fayetteville	4 50 p m
Leave	Hope Mills	5 07 "
Leave	Red Springs	5 48 "
Arrive	Maxton	6 11 "
Leave	Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive	Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.		No. 16. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave	Ramseur	6 40 a m
Leave	Climax	8 25 "
Arrive	Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave	Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave	Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive	Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.		No. 15. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave	Madison	12 35 p m
Leave	Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive	Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave	Greensboro	3 15 "
Leave	Climax	4 25 "
Arrive	Ramseur	6 10 "

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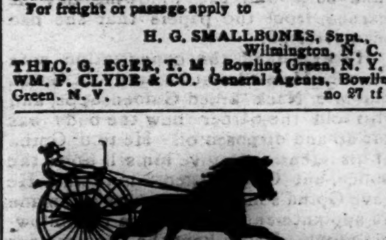

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 18, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1 4[illegible] p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon [illegible] p m, Petersburg 5 28 p m, Richmond 7 15 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.30 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.[illegible] a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.[illegible] a m, Richmond 4.[illegible]0 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 9.13 p m, Columbia 10.[illegible] p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.20 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 1.00 p m, Wilson 2.22 p m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7 53 a m, Magnolia 8.[illegible]5 a m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6 35 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8 20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3 55 p m, Halifax 4 20 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 3 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 10 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.45 p m, arrive Hub 6.25 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m. arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m. arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9 25 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.28 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 32 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

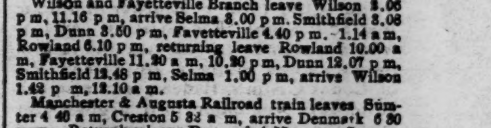
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. no 27 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28th 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST, GOING WEST.

3 Passenger Trains Arrive	3 Passenger Trains Leave	STATIONS	4 Passenger Trains Arrive	4 Passenger Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 03	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

no 26 tf

J. L. HILL

Printing Company's

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY

Owner and Publishers, Richmond, Va.

my 21 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 30, 1897

THE LUETGERT MURDER.

Second Trial of the Chicago Sausage Maker Begun—Court Room Packed With Spectators,

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 29.—The second trial of Adolph L Luetgert, for the murder of his wife, was called before Judge Gary to day. The big sausage manufacturer was represented by ex Judge Lawrence Harmon and Attorney Max Riese—Attorney Phalen having withdrawn from the case yesterday after a heated interview with Luetgert and the new lawyers.

The court room was packed with spectators when the court was called to order. Most of the session was taken up by Mr. Harmon in arguing that Judge Gary should not try Luetgert, on the ground that he was not qualified to sit as a criminal judge. Judge Gary overruled the motion of the defence, intimating, however, that he was willing that some other judge should sit in the case providing counsel for the defence could come to some agreement with the prosecution as to who should hear it. Attorneys Harmon and Riese held a consultation this afternoon with State's Attorney Deneen with the object of deciding on some other judge to hear the case.

When court reconvened at 2 p. m., the attorneys for the defence announced that they had been unable to reach an agreement as to a judge to hear the case in their consultation with State's Attorney Deneen. Attorney Harmon, however, entered exceptions to Judge Gary's overruling of his motion. Attorney Harmon then made a motion for a continuance of four weeks, stating that both he and Attorney Riese were not prepared to go on and wished time to read the records of the former trial. This was overruled after some discussion. Examination of talesmen was then commenced.

It was late in the afternoon when the task of securing a jury was entered upon, but by the time court adjourned sixteen veniremen had been examined and two jurors were accepted by the State, although the defence has still the privilege of rejecting them.

GALE ON THE ENGLISH COAST

Many Lives Lost and Property Destroyed—Numerous Vessels on Shore and Many Foundered.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, November 29—The gale which swept the English coast yesterday, doing much damage at Holyhead and other places raged all night long and had not abated early this morning when it amounted almost to a cyclone in many places and was accompanied by snow and hail.

A long list of fatalities, wrecks and damage to property, has already been received. All the coast towns have suffered and a score of bodies have been washed ashore. Falling walls and flying debris have added to the loss of life. Vessels are reported on shore on every part of the coast and many ships are known to have foundered, with the probable loss of all hands. There is much wreckage about the Goodwin Sands.

At Lowestoft, Yarmouth and elsewhere, the sea has flooded the quays and neighborhoods, washing away the esplanades, and doing other serious damage.

The sea wall at Scarborough has been washed away and the passenger and mail service across the channel have been mostly suspended.

AUSTRIAN REICHSRATH

A New Cabinet to be Formed—Rioting in Prague.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VIENNA, November 29—It is stated here that as soon as the new cabinet is formed Baron von Gautsch von Frankenthurn the former Minister of Public Instruction and Ecclesiastical Affairs who has been entrusted with the task of forming a new ministry to succeed that of Count Casimir Badeni, who resigned yesterday, will enter into negotiations with the leaders of the Germans and Czechs with the view of bringing about a modification of the ordinances making the Czech language co-ordinate with the German. It is these ordinances that caused the riotous scenes in the lower house of the Reichsrath, which in turn produced among the populace a ferment bordering on revolution, in consequence of which the Badeni ministry resigned.

PRAGUE November 29—There have been fresh disturbances and serious conflicts with the police here to-day. The windows of the new German theatre and the German club were smashed. Ultimately the disorders became so serious that the military was ordered out to disperse the rioters.

KLONDIKE GOLD-SEEKERS.

Relief Ships Unable to Get Up the River—Famine Confronts the Miners.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 29.—The *Call* has received via the steamer City of Seattle a letter from its correspondent, Sam Wall, who succeeded in reaching Dawson City on September 25th, after a perilous trip in a small boat from Fort Yukon. He was the first to give the news to the people of Dawson City of the failure of the relief ships to get up the river. The gold-seekers, he says, are confronted with famine and there will undoubtedly be intense suffering during the winter months. The Dominion police have announced their intention of seizing all superfluous stores, and especially those belonging to gamblers and the disreputable element, and dividing them pro rata among the famishing citizens. Everything possible will be done to alleviate the distress.

Senator Hanna is confined to his home at Glenmere, Ohio, with a severe attack of grip.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

THORN ON THE STAND.

CONTINUATION OF THE GULDENSUPPE MURDER TRIAL.

The Prisoner Tells His Story to the Jury, Accusing Mrs. Nack of Committing the Murder—Argument of Counsel to Follow—Case to Be Given to the Jury To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 29.—The trial of Martin Thorn for the murder of Guldensuppe was closed to-night, so far as the taking of evidence was concerned. To-morrow morning the lawyers for the defendant and the people will sum up, and it is expected that Justice Maddox will charge the jury early in the afternoon. Mr. Howe will begin his final appeal in Thorn's behalf at 9.30 o'clock, and he expects to conclude before noon. District Attorney Youngs will then have his say for the prosecution, and he expects to finish within two hours. It is not expected that the charge of Justice Maddox will be very lengthy. So that by 3 o'clock in the afternoon the case may be with the jury.

Opinions, both lay and legal, differ very materially as to the probable result. Many look for a conviction, but a greater number anticipate a disagreement. A few of Thorn's former employers were called by the defence to-day and they all gave the accused barber an excellent character, dating back some ten years. Thorn himself was the only other witness called for the defence. From the moment he was led to the witness chair until he left it, some hours later, the prisoner conducted himself in a cool and impressive manner. His statements in reply to general questions and his answers in the direct and cross examinations were delivered in a moderate tone of voice which could be heard distinctly by all in the court house. At times his voice would drop, so that he could not be heard a few feet away, but Mr. Howe reminded the witness at these times that he should speak louder and these admonitions always had the desired effect. Thorn in his story of the murder, deliberately accused Mrs. Nack of having shot Guldensuppe.

The prosecution did not put Mrs. Nack on the stand, and the Court ruled against Mr. Howe's attempt to introduce the testimony given by Mrs. Nack at the mis trial. Thorn's testimony was as follows:

Beginning with the statement that he came to America seventeen years ago and that his real name was Torceswisky, the prisoner briefly related the facts of his life up to the time he met Mrs. Nack, 18 months ago. Guldensuppe was boarding with Mrs. Nack at that time.

"I rented a furnished room from her at two dollars a week," said Thorn. "Later I understood Guldensuppe was her husband. She first made love to me and I returned her love. I was very fond of her and loved her up to the moment she took the witness stand on my first trial."

The prisoner then told how he supplanted the bath-rubber in Mrs. Nack's affections and described the row he had with Guldensuppe in consequence last February. During this row Guldensuppe caught hold of him, and Thorn held a revolver which went off accidentally. Then Guldensuppe took the pistol from him and gave him a beating. The prisoner left the house and went to a hospital. Mrs. Nack met him afterwards very often, and they went to theatres and other places of amusement. She said she was sorry that Guldensuppe had hurt him, but that he must not heed that. Thorn, at the suggestion of his counsel, then told in his own way what Mrs. Nack had said to him after that. The Court directed Mr. Howe not to lead the witness.

"Mrs. Nack told me," said Thorn, "that she wished to leave Guldensuppe and wished to live in some quiet place. We visited Woodside cottage and as it seemed a suitable place, we hired the cottage. I paid the $15 and got the key. On the 24th of June I gave the key to Mrs. Nack, as she said she wanted to do some cleaning at the cottage. About eleven or twelve o'clock on Friday morning, June 25th, Mrs Nack met me at the door. She said 'I have Guldensuppe up stairs.' I asked her what he was doing there. She replied 'he is dead I have shot him.' She then requested me to help her dispose of the body. I went up stairs and helped to undress the body. Then we carried it to the bath-tub. I went out and bought some plaster of paris. When I came back she began cutting up the body. She cut the head off with a knife. When she reached the back of the neck she cut through that portion with a small saw. Then she cut through the middle of the body. I asked her why she cut so, and she replied, 'I know enough not to cut through the bowels.' Next she cut off the legs, after which she went out for awhile, as it was very warm in there. On her return we encased the head in the plaster of paris. We brought away the dead man's clothes in a bundle and I carried the head in another bundle. The saw, knife and revolver were in the bundle with the clothes. We took the car to the Ninety-second street ferry, over which we crossed to New York. I threw the head overboard while the boat was crossing the river. Then we went to Mrs. Nack's house, on Ninth avenue, where she burned the clothes in the cooking stove."

The witness then told of the surrey ride on the following day, Saturday, June 26th, and the disposition of the other portions of the remains, which were wrapped up in oil cloth, cheese cloth and paper, which Mrs. Nack had purchased prior to her visit to the cottage on June 25th, the day of the killing.

Thorn told of his meetings with the woman after this, and how Mrs. Nack had made preparations to go to Europe. Mrs. Nack met him on Tuesday night, June 30th, and the following day he learned from the papers that she had been arrested.

He explained the conversation with Gotha. He said that he had told Gotha that Mrs. Nack killed Guldensuppe, and also told the barber how the body was cut up and disposed of. He told Gotha of his intention to give himself up to the police, but Gotha asked him to wait. He gave Gotha some pawn tickets and made an appointment to meet him the following night. Thorn kept the appointment and was arrested. During his conversation with Captain O'Brien, Thorn said he told the detectives some truths and some falsehoods.

Surrogate Weller conducted the cross-examination.

Thorn said that Mrs. Nack gave him the gold watch and chain the day after the killing. It had belonged to Guldensuppe.

Thorn again acknowledged that he had lied to Captain O'Brien when he said he was playing pinochle at Three Hundred and Fourteenth street and Eleventh avenue on the day of the killing. He said that for the purpose of proving an alibi. He said it as much to save the woman as himself.

Mr. Weller asked Thorn about the letter and vest which were taken from him by Sheriff Doht in the Queens county jail. Thorn had tried to destroy the letter, but the officers rescued it.

Thorn identified the letter, and the Court's interpreter translated it after Mr. Howe was overruled in objecting to its being admitted. In it he asked Mrs. Nack to testify as he told her, and he would send her some more word before the trial.

"Then you were assisting in framing the defence?" asked Mr. Weller. "Yes, certainly," was Thorn's reply.

"And you were doing all you could to cover up the crime?" "Yes, I did all I could," said Thorn.

Thorn said the reason he told Gotha that Mrs. Nack committed the murder was because he thought he could trust him as a friend.

This finished the cross-examination.

Mr. Howe began his re-direct examination by showing Thorn a telegram purporting to be sent by Guldensuppe to Mrs. Nack on June 28th. It was written in German, and translated it read: "Please go where I have worked and tell them I will not return, as I am going travelling. A letter will follow. Signed, William Guldensuppe."

Thorn said he wrote it at the request of Mrs. Nack.

At this time Mr. Weller interrupted Mr. Howe by going back to the cross-examination, as the interpreter had come into the Court with type-written copies of translations of two letters which Mrs. Nack wrote to Thorn and one written to her by Thorn while in the Queens county prison. These have been printed before.

Mrs. Nack suggested that they get something to end their lives with. Thorn in his letter said he had a prescription which, if it could be filled, would end his life. He got the prescription from a man named Clark, who was a fellow-prisoner in the Tombs. He did not wish her to die; he wanted to see her free.

"You were willing to die yourself and save the woman?" asked Mr. Weller. "Yes, sir," said the prisoner. "I loved her and was willing to die for her."

The prosecution seemed taken by surprise by Thorn's statement. In this letter, which never reached Mrs. Nack, as it was captured by the officers, Thorn said: "If there is no other way out of it, I will see to it that I shall only suffer and you will go free."

When Thorn left the stand the defence rested.

GEN. BLANCO'S PLANS

For Immediate Execution of the Reform Schemes of the Spanish Government in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 29.—Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish Minister, had an interview with Assistant Secretary Day to-day. It is the plan of Captain General Blanco to take steps for the immediate execution of the reform schemes of the Government at Madrid, and to do this legally, a provincial arrangement will be made. The captain general will appoint directly a full acting cabinet, composed of a secretary of the interior and justice, who will be the premier, a secretary of finance, a secretary of public instruction, a secretary of public works, and finally a secretary of agriculture, industry and commerce. With this cabinet the captain-general will have at hand the means for a fully equipped executive government, which will last only until the elections shall have resulted in the choice of a new government. These selections are only delayed, it is said, by reason of the lack of accurate census population of Cuba, which is essential in order to proportion the representation in the legislature.

SOUTHERN BANKERS

Call for a Convention to Be Held in Atlanta to Consider Currency Reform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., November 29—At a meeting of the Atlanta Clearing House Association to day a resolution was unanimously adopted calling a meeting of the bankers throughout the South to assemble in Atlanta, on December 15th, to consider the question of currency reform. Every bank in Atlanta was represented, and the meeting unanimously adopted resolutions which are in substance as follows:

That the time has arrived for the South to demand of Congress better banking facilities under a just and equitable Federal law. That the United States government should retire from the banking business and the whole system of national finances be readjusted on such a sound and scientic basis as will give each section of our common country a circulating medium adequate to its business and based upon its commercial assets. That the note holders and general creditors should be protected under Federal laws and that the measure of value should be so definitely and permanently settled as to make all our currency, paper and specie good in any part of the world. That there should be no discrimination between State and National banks, the former to have the same privileges of note issue as the latter, but under Federal supervision.

Invitations to the Atlanta meeting were sent out to day to every Southern bank.

WARM WIRELETS

N. E Krogegaard of Brooklyn, N. Y., committed suicide in Manchester, Va., yesterday evening.

Concerning the Cuban exiles on the island of Fernando Po, the Spanish colony, it is said that 150 out of the 310 exiles sent there are already dead, and the survivors complain bitterly of the treatment they have received.

Mrs Theresa Cardozi, a well-known resident of San Francisco, who died Saturday, weighed over six hundred pounds and the undertakers had to break down the stairs of her late residence in order to lower the body into the hall.

At the National Sporting Club, London, Eng., "Spike" Sullivan, an American boxer, defeated "Jimmy" Carran, the Englishman, in a twenty round go, and Ben Jordan, the feather weight champion of England, defeated "Tommy" White of Chicago in nineteen rounds.

The Legislature of Virginia, which is overwhelmingly Democratic, will assemble Wednesday. Probably the only close contests for State officers within the gift of the Legislature will be for those of superintendent of public instruction and superintendent of the penitentiary.

The United States Supreme Court affirmed decision of the Georgia Supreme Court in the case of Mrs. Nobles, convicted of the murder of her husband She claimed due process of law had been denied her. The result of the decision is that the sentence imposed by the court can now be executed,

Postmaster Baker, at Lake City, S. C., wired Acting Postmaster General Heath that assistant postmaster J T. Braveboy, was shot there Saturday night by a hidden party within a few yards of the post-office. The postmaster expected, evidently, that the Federal authorities would take cognizance of the case. The United States, however, has no jurisdiction.

Attorney General Barber, of South Carolina, has filed a motion in the United States Supreme Court to have the dispensary cases advanced on the docket. In making the motion Mr. Barber stated that the South Carolina Legislature would convene in January and he suggested that the court's decision would be of great value to the State as a guide to legislative action.

CATARRH IN THE HEAD, that troublesome and disgusting disease, may be entirely cured by a thorough course of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

GERMAN-HAYTIAN TROUBLE.

ATTENTION OF THE U. S. GOVERNMENT DIRECTED TO THE MATTER.

Statement of the Case Submitted by Haytian Authorities—Germany Will Brook No Interference by the United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The attention of the Department of State at length has been formally directed to the friction that has arisen between Germany and Hayti, as the result of the arrest by the officials of the latter country of a half-blood named Lueder. While the Department has been unofficially watching the matter for some time past it was not until to-day that the case came formally before it through the appearance there of Mr. Leger, the minister from Hayti to Washington. The minister came to consult Assistant Secretary Day and the attitude of Germany in the Lueder case was discussed. The intimation was given out at the State Department that our Government so far has gone only to the length of instructing Ambassador White at Berlin to watch developments and keep his Government informed. He will lodge a protest only in the event of the performance by Germany of some act that is not consistent with justice and international law; something that is not anticipated here. In other words the State Department does not feel that it has a right to interpose so long as the demands of Germany for redress are kept within the bounds of sound practice in international disputes, following in this the precedent set by the last administration when it permitted the landing of British troops at Corinto, Nicaragua, to secure indemnity for the ill-treatment of British consular officers. It does not follow from this, however, that the administration will look with unconcern upon any harsh and unjust measures that may be sought to be put in force by Germany towards the little island republic.

The department has been informed that the statement of facts that has been made in the case of Lueder is somewhat misleading in that it makes some important omissions. For instance, the foundation of the claim of Hayti that it had the right to punish the man as it did lies in an assertion that he was a citizen of Hayti. Lueder was born in Hayti of a German father and a native Haytian woman, and according to the laws of the Republic that made the child a full fledged citizen of Hayti. Again, as an explanation for the apparently severe treatment of Lueder the Haytian government is prepared to show that he had been twice arrested and convicted of the same offence, namely, resisting and assaulting an officer. The first offence was committed a little over a year ago and the Haytian law, like that in our country, in such cases provides for a much more severe penalty in the case of a second conviction. Also, as an indication that there was no discrimination practiced toward Lueder on the score that he was a German subject, it can be shown by the Haytian government that the person arrested with him at the time for the same offence, a native full-blooded Haytian, was subjected to exactly the same penalty, $500 fine and a year's imprisonment, that was meted out to Lueder. Altogether the case is regarded at the State Department as one that might properly be adjusted through the regular channels of diplomatic negotiations instead of through the strong means of demonstrations in force, particularly in view of the fact that Lueder is now at liberty and in Germany, and the acute phase of the case has been passed,

The Haytian Minister states that the republic is preparing for any eventuality, considering that its honor is involved in the present trouble and that it cannot yield to demonstrations of force by a powerful nation. The Minister says that Hayti's forts are unfortified and that the country has no navy, but has an army of fair proportions. Naturally, it could not expect to contend against one of the most powerful nations on the globe; but, with the honor of the republic at stake, he declares it would resist to the last and would prefer to be crushed rather than to yield to what it regards an injustice. The Haytian authorities consider that the Monroe doctrine applies to the present case, and for that reason they expect that the people of the United States will not approve the crushing of Hayti by a powerful European Government, or that the authorities here will not remain inactive if the Monroe doctrine becomes involved.

BERLIN November 29—The *Berliner Tageblatt* says it is reliably informed that the German Government wants only monetary reparation from Hayti for the recent arrest and imprisonment of Herr Emile Lueder by the Haytian tribunals, but that it will not brook any interference in the matter on the part of the United States.

PEKIN November 29—Inquiries made here in Chinese official circles confirm the statements contained in dispatches from Shanghai, giving the substance of the demands made by the German minister to China, as a result of the murder recently of German missionaries and the destruction of German mission property. Germany, through her minister, asks for the discovery and execution of the murderers of the missionaries; the punishment of the implicated officials, including the Governor of Shan-Tung province, in which part of China the mission was situated; the reconstruction of the missionary buildings, the payment of an indemnity of 600 000 taels to the relatives of the victims; the payment of a heavy indemnity to cover the expenses of the German naval expedition and the maintenance of the German force at Kiao-Chou bay, the railroad monopoly of the Shan-Tung province and the occupation of Kiao-Chou bay as a German coaling station.

China will refuse the demands of Germany, but will express a willingness to make ample reparation for the murder of the missionaries and for the damage done to the mission property.

Russia, it is understood, is not yet helping China, but the latter country has decided not to provoke hostilities, and to trust to diplomacy for settlement of the difficulties which have arisen in connection with the mission outrages.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Dull Features in all Grades—Weakness in Cotton Lines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 29—The dry goods market opened with dull features in all grades and a tendency towards weakness displayed in all cotton lines, as was the case during the whole of last week. It is reported that several large houses have announced a reduction in their forces of salesmen and agents, and that a number of manufacturers in cotton goods are contemplating decided curtailment unless there is a change for the better within the near future. This is hardly to be expected under present conditions and until such time as the situation changes, there is not likely to be any change in cotton goods at least.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hood's Pills

Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOMICIDE NEAR ASHEVILLE.

Railroad Engineer Killed—A Posse in Search of the Murderer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., November 29.—L. M. Baumgardner, the engineer, shot by A. M. Lambert, near Fletchers, Friday, died last night. Lambert, with several armed companions, is supposed to be in the mountains near Arden, his home, ten miles from Asheville. Fifteen railroad men and other parties are hunting him.

Governor Russell has offered a reward of $400 for his capture. The Southern Railway will probably offer an additional reward.

Richmond Reddick, colored, who claims to have been born July 5th, 1777 near Richmond, Va., applied yesterday at the department of Charities, Pittsburg, Pa., for admission to the home.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpariel type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positive y cash in advance

Where can I ship country produce to the best advantage is a question that is puzzling you Settle it by shipping to L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. Careful handling and prompt returns. no 30 tf

Household Goods at private sale daily from 10 to 3 o'clock. Macumber's alley. Miss S. E. Heins. nov 28 2t*

Country Merchants—You will find it to your interest to ship your Produce, Poultry, Eggs, etc., to H. J Bierman, Produce Commission Merchant, 106 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. nov 28 tf

As a special the Atlantic Tea Co will sell this week the best Old Government Java for 25c, and the best Laguayra Coffees for 22c per pound. Call and see them at 613 North Fourth street. nov 28 tf

Wanted—By Old Established House—High Grade Woman, good Church standing, willing to learn our business then to act as Manager and State Correspondent here. Salary $960. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. no 25 3t

Hayden, P. Bro. has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

In case you need Bananas, Fine Peaches, Malaga and Catawba Grapes, don't hesitate a moment as to where they can be bought to best advantage. Go to Andrew Mavrosichols', 735 North Fourth street. Bell 'Phone 345; Inter-State 191. nov 14 tf

Had that Suit made yet, neighbor? No! Well, call to see me and get some figures. Don't think of buying us if you have seen the large and complete stock of E. Poesolt & Bro., No. 8 South Front street. nov 14 tf

Wanted at once—A position as governess to small children, or as mother's aid Companion to an ladies or elderly lady. Terms moderate. References good. Address, S. A. G, Carrier 5, Wilmington, N. C. oc 31 tf

Costs you nothing to see the Maxim light. Cheaper and better than the Welsbach or Sunlight. What more do you want? Wilmington Iron Works sell it. nov 10 1m

Merchants—Wholesale and country merchants save time and money by letting me parch your Peanuts. New process by which large quantities can be roasted at one time Samples sent if required. A. E. Blake, Wilmington, N. C. nov 7 tf

Photographs—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 29 tf

Blackeye and Cow Peas, Chickens, Eggs. Don't handle everything, but solicit consignments of country produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. M. C. Benson 106 Dock street, oc 28 tf

W. V. Hardin, corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. New River Oysters in any style Polite and attentive clerks Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. H. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

News and Opinions OF National Importance.

THE SUN ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by Mail, - - - - - $6 a Year

Daily and Sunday, by mail, 8 a Year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c a Copy. By Mail, $2 a Year

Address THE SUN, New York.

no 27 tf

Just Received

100 Barrels Choice

New River Roe Mullets.

100 Bags Coffee, all grades.

For sale at rock bottom prices.

Send your orders to

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

no 21 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m, and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a m

R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

sep 25 1

A Complete and Varied STOCK OF Drugs, Druggists' Sundries, CHEMICALS, Proprietary Medicines, Seeds for the Season, Etc., Etc.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

no 14 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Finest Seed Oats

handled in years.

Flour, Bacon, Sugar, Lard, Molasses, MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT, Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron, OATS, RIVETS, GLUE,

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

no 7 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PIANOS.

Testimonials, Medals, Conservatory School, and other indorsements are a thing of the past, as they have no value now whatever, being in nearly every instance "manipulated."

YOUR ONLY SAFE COURSE under the so-called modern methods is to

Go to a Reliable House

That is Responsible for its Dealings.

OUR PIANOS are carefully selected; on can see them "right here," and we are here to protect your interests. We make no effort to do otherwise. New Pianos received all the time.

E. VAN LAER.

402 North Fourth street.

We offer Bargains in several nice Square Pianos. no 17 tf

We Started Out

By selling Ice to the trade only, but we cannot refuse to respect the

WISHES OF THE PUBLIC.

We have decided therefore to furnish

Pure Crystal Ice,

delivered AT YOUR DOOR at the rate of 40 cents per hundred pounds in lots of 5 pounds and upward.

We can make it to your advantage to give us a share of your trade.

Respectfully,

The Wilmington Brewing Association.

☞ Get Ice tickets from the wagon or at its factory, corner of Dock and Water streets. no 17 tf

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"

Cost over $30,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. The Sistine Madonna, Raphael; Christ Before Pilate, Munkacsy; Prado Urbini, Titian; Louvre, Vatican, Napoli al of London, National Gallery, Dresden, Belvidere and other celebrated European galleries have placed their greatest and rarest treasures at our disposal that they might be engraved for this superb work. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman should secure the agency here at once," says every editor, "as $500 can soon be made taking orders for it." Nearly $10,000 expended on new plates for edition coming from press. Also a man or woman of good church standing can secure position of Manager and Correspondent of this territory to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. P. T. KLDER, Publisher 278 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. no 25 tf

Liverpool and American SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

an 10 D&W tf

FOR RENT.

STORE ON MARKET BE tween Front and Water.

Store on South Water street, between Market and Dock.

Store on North Water street between Princess and Chestnut.

Apply to

D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent,

no 10 tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH," Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my D&W

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

"ONE PRICE TO ALL" has been our motto since 1865, and we attribute our success to the unswerving adherance to it. We will not break price for any one. Some times we have goods that stay too long with us and then we cut the price and offer them to every one at GREAT SACRIFICE.

A Few Specialties.

Crash Towelling worth 5 cents at 3 cents per yard.
Novelty Dress Goods worth 50 cents at 40 cents per yard.
Drap Ete Dress Goods worth $1 25 at $1.00 per yard.
New line Percales at 12½ cents per yard.

Christmas Goods.

Dolls, Dolls, Dolls, Bric a-Brac, Neckwear, Ladies' and Gents' Kid Gloves, Parasols and Umbrellas Call and see our line.

This Week

Gentlemen's heavy Grey Underwear worth $1 50, only 98c each.
Gentlemen's All Wool (light weight) Underwear in Ecru worth $1 25, only 98c each.
Ladies' light weight Vests and Pants, only 98c each.
Ladies' non shrinking Vests and Pants, Grey, only 98c each.
A good Cotton Carpet, yard wide, for 25 cents per yard,
Union Carpeting 35 cents per yard.
A good Brussels Carpet for 55 cents per yard. no 27 tf

J. A. SPRINGER & CO

IF YOU WANT GOOD COAL.

If you want clean well prepared Coal.

If you want first-class service.

If you want to buy fuel of a concern that always tries to please.

If you want to trade with dealers who appreciate your business.

If you want to deal with a firm that always has the goods on hand.

If you want straight goods at straight prices and be treated right on four sides, then send your orders to the old stand.

J A Springer & Co

no 14 tf

DISPLAY OF HOLIDAY GOODS AT

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DOLLS. In Wax, Washable Cloth, Indestructable, dressed and undressed, 25c to $3.00.

CELLULOID GOODS. Collar and Cuff Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Jewelry Boxes, Necktie Boxes. Powder Boxes.

FANCY CROCKERY. Cologne Bottles, Vases, Ice Cream Sets, Sugar Dishes, Tete a Tete Sets, Tea Pots, Jewel Boxes, Ornaments.

CARPETS AND RUGS. Full assortment of Moquet Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets made and laid, Rugs in Moquet, Brussels and Smyrna. Do not purchase an Art Square until you see our line.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WRAPS. Plush, Cloth and Astracan Capes. Jackets in Cloth and Astracan, all new styles. Children's Jackets and Infants' Long Cloaks.

Remember that all our Wraps are NEW!

Wear W. B. CORSETS and use Standard Patterns. We are sole agents for them both.

Write for samples and Fashion Sheets. nov 28 tf

FOR YOUR THANKSGIVING DINNER!

Good Coal and a well roasted turkey are inseparable. You get your turkey and order the high grade, well screened BANNER or CALEDONIA COAL from our yard, and we will guarantee that if he is as tuff a gobbler as ever strutted through a barn yard Banner or Caledonia Coal will bake him tender. For sale by

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

Campbell and Second street, Dock between Front and Water. no 21 tf

Cold Weather Novelties.

Blankets and Comforts.

Double Blankets ..... 45c and up
Extra Heavy Gray Blankets 98c
Red Blankets ..... $1.25, 1.75 and 2.00
All Wool $3.00 Blankets $2 75
$6 5 Blankets, our price $4 98
Comforters ..... 39, 45, 75 and 98c
$2 00 Grade only ..... $ 48
$5.00 Down Comforters $3.50

Capes and Cloaks.

Capes with Braid 85c
Better quality ..... 75 and 98c
Double Capes with Braid and Fur Trimmings Our Price $1 10
Astrigan and Plush Capes $3.00
$5 00 Capes at our 1st $3 00
$10 00 Capes, our price $6 50

Overcoats and Suits.

Men's Overcoats $1 75
Black Cheviot Overcoats $2 75
$8 00 Very Stylish Coats $5 00
$12 50 Overcoat $8 50
All Wool Cassimere Pants $1 00
$3 50 Pants, our price $2 00
$1 50 Boys' suits $1 00
$3.00 Suits, our price $1.50

Underwear.

Heavy Undershirts 19c
Extra Heavy Undershirts 25c
Fleeced lined Undershirts 10c
$1.00, quality Red and Gray Flannel Underwear 75c
Ladies' Undervests ..... 15 and 25c
Fancy Shirts 50c
Children's Vests ..... 10c and upwards

Dry Bargains in Cloaks—Infants' Cloaks 50, 75c and $1 48. Great Bargains in Shoes, all sizes. Also, in Carpets, Rugs, Mattings, Window Shades, Goods, Hats, &c,

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 28.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up no 21 tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO MAKE DEPOSITS IN

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

Wednesday, December 1st., is the beginning of our next interest paying period. Deposits made on or before that date begin to bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. no 27 tf

FOR 15 DAYS.

Carpets, Rugs and Blankets.

THE BEST ALL-WOOL CARPET AT ..... 50 cts per yard
COTTAGE CHAIN (EXTRA) FROM ..... 23 to 32 cts per yard
10 WIRE TAPESTRY BRUSSELS AT ..... 78 cts per yard
8 WIRE TAPESTRY BRUSSELS AT ..... 59c per yard
VELVET CARPETS AT ..... 85 cts per yard

Blankets and Comforts at a drive. A big bargain in Table Linens. Our goods must be sold, so call and get your bargains. We have other bargains too numerous to mention, at

J. J. SHEPARD'S, 18 Market Street.

no 21 tf

Stylish Hats!

DO NOT FORGET WHEN YOU WANT them, HAMME, THE HATTER, is the place to get them. Latest Styles and Lowest Price.

nov 21 tf 26 North Front Street.

For Rent.

HOUSE ON NINTH BETWEEN Church and Castle streets. Four rooms water and good yard room in rear.

D. O'CONNOR,

oc 7 tf